UNCLASSIFIED

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AFTER ACTION REPORT

636TH TO BATTALION

Sept. 500 1944 Dec 44

by authority of Deb. D.R. Szpa. 9... by JOHN L. GRANT.

Ch. Sety & Det Branch

9 JUN 1959

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UNGLASSIFIED

24 Deptember 1943 AFO #306

REPORT OF COMBAT, 636th TD Battalion
Operation - Avalanche
Period Sept 1, 1943 to 0800 Sept 20, 1943.

CALENDAR EVENTS:

September 1: At 0030 hours the S-1 was ordered to report to "eadquarters Sixth Corps Staging Area and there receive orders for embarkation that naming. Details to ride the Rugh Milliamson and David Caldwell were to entruck at 0630, those riding the James Woodrow were to entruck at 0915, and those riding the Duchess of Bedford entrucked at 1130. The Battalion was loaded in that manner on the morning of September 1, 1943 and that afternoon moved out into the Culf of Oran to await the loading of the remainder of the convoy.

September 2: The Battalion layed at anchor in the Gulf of Oran.

September 3: The convoy left the Gulf of Oran at 1515 hours proceeding eastward along the north coast of Africa.

September 6: The convoy arrived at the harbor of Bizerte, Tunisia at 1200 hours. During a forty-five minute attack by enemy planes starting at 3100 hours three men were wounded necessitating their evacuation.

September 9: The convoy left the harbor of Bizerte at 1200 hours.

<u>Reptember 10</u>: At 0820 hours depth charges were dropped by one of the British Corvettes off our starboard bow. Later it was reported that one German Abbarrine had been sunk. At Dusk on the same day, a Corvette and two destroyers dropped fourteen depth charges about 1000 yards to our starboard. No report of results was received.

<u>September 11</u>: At 0900 hours our convoy approached the Gulf of Eulerno and at 0930 hours there was an enemy air attack during which an American cruiser was hit and damaged. There were repeated air attacks during the day and night.

September 12: The air attacks continued. About half the Battalion succeeded in debarking on the beach at Paestum and moved into an assembly area about five miles from the beach ((86.7-08.0) Sheet 2094 Map 1:50,000). At 1000 the Battalion Commander received orders to make a recommaissance for our first combat mission and the recommaissance was completed that afternoon.

September 13: At 0700 the Battalion Commander formed a provisional company composed of t welve M-10's to carry out plans made during the previous night. At 2930 the Battalion Commander and the S-3 left the assembly area and moved with twelve destroyers to the combat area. The Battalion was notified at 1530 that a tank attack was expected south of Persano at the junction of the Calore Miver and F. Ia Cosa Creek and appropriate positions were taken. At 1930 the runger platoon reconncitered and occupied positions on the bank of F. Ia Cosa Creek. Sgt Garland-G. Humphrey of Company B was killed at 2000 by bomb fragments during and air raid and Pvt Joseph D. Ventresca, Company B, was seriously wounded by straffing. During the 13th the ships continued to unload and twelve more destroyers were ready for action by the following morning.

September 14: At 0030 the Battalion Commander was apprised of a dangerous situation and the twelve H-10's which were received from the chips the previous day were assigned a sector about 1500 yards in width and at 0130 they were guided to their positions. During most of the day the Battalion was under considerable artillery fire and some small arms fire. Company B knecked out seven tanks daring the day and Company C destroyed seven tanks. Company C also destroyed one assumition vehicle. Pvt 1 ol Salvatore V. Vinci, Company C, was killed. Ten destroyers from various companies which had been unloaded from the ships were given the mission of guarding the Fifth Army Headquarters.

94-63.2-

in the positions selected the previous day with the second second to the front. A number of energy tanks were reported to be expected our position across the F. In Cosa Greek and the Battalion fixed indirect fire for a considerable period. Our forward observers reported a direct hit on one of the enemy tanks which burst into flames. Artillery fire continued to fall on our positions throughout the day.

Santember 16: The enemy shelling of our positions continued and Company B fired an indirect fire mission on Persano. During the afternoon a B Company destroyer was struck by enemy fire and began to burn. The fire was extinguished by the Platoon Commander and the Platoon Sergeant before any serious damage resulted and the destroyer was put back in action in a short time.

September 17: At 0100 our intelligence reported a dawn attack by the enemy was imminent. All destroyer crews were alerted and plans made to mass fire on the enemy. Cur destroyers were to coordinate their fire with that of the 645th TD Bn. The anticipated attack by the enemy was never launched.

September 15: During the morning of September 18th patrol activity continued by our Reconnaissance Company and the Battalion fired some indirect fire missions with the targets in and near Persano. That afternoon the Sattalion Commander led certain elements of the Reconnaissance Company into Altavilla, on a recommander. No enemy resistance was met and the Battalion Commander reported to the Division Commander that it was safe to move troops into the town. Two German Prisoners were taken by our Reconnaiscance Company.

September 19: On the morning of September 19th the Battalian Commander led elements of the Reconnaissance Company on a reconnaissance of the area in and around Forsano. To enemy resistance was found in this area and the Division Commander was notified that troops could safely be never up to the area. Further the night of Ceptember 19th and 20th six destroyour of Convery C were moved to positions back of the 141st Infantry to support them. (see everlay)

lo design 12: At 0000 Company C was essigned to Fifth Army as decuring for the Fifth Army Headquarters and the remainder of the Battalian was detacked from the 36th Division and assigned as Corps troops in Corps reserve.

MAP REFERENCE: Italy, 1:50,000.

## Attached Annomes:

1. Everlay of positions.

2. Copy of Unit Journal.

3. Fersonnel casualities during period of battle.

Vehicular casualities during period of battle.
 Enemy casualities caused by 636th TD Bn during period of bottle.

6. Recommendations for awards.

For the Battalion Commander:

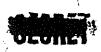
REAGAT L. ENTROSE Captain, Infantry Adjutant

OFFICI.L:

Miagan L. Sulson REAGÁT L. DIPCSE Captain, infantry

Adjutant

1 1 1 h



ANNEX NO. 3

### CASUALTY REPORT

## O September 1943

# HEADQUARTERS COMPANY ממכני עסקו

M Sgt Robert H. Hamilton, 20814478, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel.

## - MEDICAL DETACHMENT

## 21 September 1943

#### WOUNDED

Pvt Raymond M. Rand, 32397184, - Seriously wounded by mine explosion.

## COLPANY "A"

## U September 1943

#### מבס ניסיג

Techn ith Gr Henry (HAN) Royuk, 37140944, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel in right leg. Techn 5th or Charles W. Trumbo, 15116060, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel in right leg.

## 14 September 1943

S. P. Roy A. Adams, 38030201, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel. Total oth or Lynn E. Mills, 20816090, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel. vol 1 cl Frank (EX) resiba, 371h5583, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel.

## COLPAIN "B"

## 13 September 1943

Set Carland G. Humphrey, 300371/12, - Shraphel from enemy bomb.

### 1 3eptember 1943

Pvt Joseph D. Ventresca, 31257416, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel in

#### 19 September 1943

Pvt Louis (TT) Filoteo, 36024386, - Slightly wounded in chest by vehicle while in foxhole.

# COLPA I "C"

#### 14 September 1943

Sechn oth or Beorge A. Pelter, 30003003, - Milled by shraphel. Avt 1 of Selvatore 7. Vinci, 3'209832, - Milled by enemy strafing from

## 1' September 191:3

Pvt 1 cl Earl A. Eurge on, 3050 230, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel.

## lo September 1943

ges set magneond to turphy, 10002098, - Slightly wounded in vehicle accident. But 1 of Francis A. Murphy, 32379030, - Slightly wounded by shrapnel.

#### lo Beptember 19 (3)

35t Millian A. Jones, 30025050, - Slightly wounded by chraphel.

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Page 1



ARREST NO.

### TELOLE CASUALTY REPORT

DATE	COMPANY	ABITOTE	TROUBLE Y	HERE REPAIRED	BACK TO DUTY
9/15/4	5 B	<b>14-10</b>	Track Thrown	Battalion Haintenance	9/13/43
9/15/43	<b>B</b>	N-10	Track Thrown		9/15/43
9/14/43	<b>Eq</b>	Half-Track	Track Thrown		9/.14/45
9/14/43	s	H-10	Escape Hatch Blown	Under Fire	9/16/43
9/14/43	Hq	3/4 Weapons Carrier		Replaced	9/15/43
9/15/43	C	<b>H-</b> 10	Escape Hatch Blown	Battalion Mantenance	9/16/43
9/15/45	Hq	2 Ton		.756th Ordnance	9/16/43
9/16/43	O	N-10	Demaged by shell fire	Battalion Maintenace	9/17/43
9/17/43	C	N-10	Motor Trauble		9/18/43

ANDEX NO. 5

DATE	CONFAIL						
9/14/43	8	Destroyed seven Mark IV Tenks					
9/14/43	a	Destroyed seven Mark IV Tanks Destroyed 1 Amminition Vehicle					
9/15/45	В	Destroyed 1 Mark IV Tank					

ANNEX NO. 5



# HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALION APO #306, U. S. Army

24 September 1943

Subject: Recommendation for the award of the Silver Star.

- To : The Commanding General, "ifth Army, APO #474, U.S. Army. (Thru Channels)
- l. It is recommended that the Silver Star be awarded the following named enlisted man: EDWIN A. YOST, 371h6627, Sergeant, Co "C" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion
- 2. During the day of September 11, 1943, Sergeant Yost, destroyer commander, moved his destroyer to a position under direct fire of enemy tanks and small arms. From that position, the tank destroyer crew destroyed five enemy tanks and one armunition truck by firing only six rounds of anmunition. In so doing, a grave menace to the safety of American troops was removed. Sergeant Yost's quick thinking and speedy action in causing the tank destroyer to be moved into the open in the face of such od's w-s a display of courage and determination and was an inspiration to the men under his command. His actions reflect the finest traditions of the Armed Forces and were above and beyond the call of duty.
- 3. Sergeant Yost, at the time of the action described, was a tank destroyer commander, 2nd platoon, co "G" 636th Tank Destroyer Estalion. The undersigned was present during the action described and certifies that he was an eye witness to the heroic accomplishment.
- 4. Sergeant Yost is at present tank destroyer commander, in the 2nd Platoon, Company "C" o3oth Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 5. Sergeant Yost's entire service from the time he was inducted into Federal Service, February 24, 1942, to the present time, has been honorable. Present address, and address at the time of induction; Sorham, Kansas.

VAN W. PALA'D Lt. Col, Indantry Commanding

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# HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALION APO #306, U. S. ATMY

24 September 1943

Subject: Recommendation for the award of the Silver Star.

- To : The Commanding General, Fifth Army, APO #174, U. S. Army. (Thru Channels)
- 1. It is recommended that the Silver Star be awarded the following named enlisted man: ALVII B.Q. JOHNSON, 20805618, Technician 5th Grade, Co "G" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 2. During the day of September 14, 1943, Technician 5th Grade Johnson, ginner in a tank destroyer, assisted in moving his destroyer to a position under direct fire of enemy tanks and small arms. From that position he destroyer five enemy tanks and one ammunition truck by firing only six rounds of ammunition. In so doing a grave menace to the safety of American troops was removed. His quick thinking and speedy action in destroying the enemy tanks was a display of courage and determination that reflects the finest traditions of the Armed Forces, and were above and beyond the call of duty.
- 3. Technician 5th Grade Johnson, at the time of the action descriped was assigned as gunter in a tank destroyer of the 2nd Platoon, Co \*G\* 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 4. Technician 5th Grade Johnson, is at present assigned as gummer in Company "C" 036th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 5. Technician 5th Grade Johnson's entire service from the time he was inducted into the Federal Service with the Texas National Guard, November 25, 1940 to the present time, has been honorable. Present home address, and address at the time of induction: Noute #2, Granbury, Texas.

VAN W. PYLAND Lt. Col. Infantry Commanding

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# Headquarters 6364h Saint Béstengter Battalique Apo 63066 un 80 Asset

24 Septomber 1943

Subjects Recommendation for the emeri of the Silver Star.

To I The Commanding Command, Fifth Army, Art Airly, U. . . rmy (Thru Chemal)

- l. It is represented that the Silver Star be sounded the following named emlisted mass JOSE H R. O'ERYAH, MARSH, rrivate lol, Go "O" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalian.
- 2. During the day of pertember 11, 1913, private 1s1 Offgyan, driver of a tenk destroyer, caused his destroyer to be moved to a position under direct fire of enemy tenks and small arms. From that position the tank destroyer ever destroyed five enemy tanks and one assumition truck by firing only six rounds of assumition. Private 1s1 Offgyan's quick thinking and speedy action in counting the tank destroyer to be moved in the spen in the face of such edds, was display of courage and determination which reflect the finest traditions of the Armed Porces and were above and beyond the call of duty.
- 3. Private lel O'Bryan at the time of action described, was a driver of a tank destroyer, of the 2nd plateon, Co "C" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 4. Pivate lel O'Bryan is at present a driver of a tank destroyer in co "C" 0.36th Tank Destroyer Battelion.
- 5. Fivate 101 O'Bryan's entire service from the time he was industed into the Federal Service on July 15, 1942, to the resent time, has been honorable. Fresent address and address at time of industions Route \$1, How Haven, Kentusky.

Cofy

VAN We L'YLAND Lite Cole Infantry Commanding



# IEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTHONER BATTALION APO #306, U. S. ARMY

24 September 1943

Subject: Recommendation for the award of the Silver Stare

- To : The Commanding General, Fifth Army, APO #474, U.S. Army (Thru Channels)
- 1. It is recommended that the Silver Star be awarded the following named enlisted man: CLAUDE H. STOKES, 30463151, Private, Co "C" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 2. During the day of september 14, 1943, Private Stokes, assistant gumer in a tank destroyer, assisted in moving the destroyer to a position under direct fire of enemy tanks and small arms. From that position the tank destroyer crew destroyer five enemy tanks and one assumition truck by firing only six rounds of assumition. In so doing, a grave menace to the sifety of American troops was removed. Private Stoke's quick thinking and speedy action in causing the tank destroyer to be moved into the open in the face of such odds was display of courage and determination which reflects the finest traditions of the Armed Forces and were above and beyond the call of duty.
- 3. Private Stokes is at present an assistant gumner in a tank descroyer in the second Platoon, Co "C" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 4. At the time of the action described, Private Stokes, was assigned as assistant gunner in the 2nd Platoon, Co "C" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 5. Private Stokes's entire service from the time he was inducted into the Federal Service January 11, 1913, to the present time, has been honorable. His home address at present and at time of induction; Poute Al, McAlester, Olilahoma.

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VAH S. PYLAMD Lt. Col. infantry Commanding

# HYADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALLON APO #306, U. S. APRIL

24 September 1943

Jubjects Resonmendation for the award of the Silver Stars

- 90 The Commanding General, Fifth Army, A: O AtT4, U.S. Irmy (Thru Charmels)
- le It is recommended that Significant be awarded the following named emlisted man: CLYDE T. 170%, 38463140, rivate, So 'S' 030th Tank Destroyer Battaliane
- 2. During the day of September 11, 1943, rivate stokes, arminition passer on a tank destroyer, assisted in moving the destroyer to a position under direct fire of enemy tanks and small arms. From that position the tank destroyer area destroyed five enemy tanks and one amminition truck by firing only six runds of ammittion. In so doing, a grave menuoe to the safety of smariam troe s was received. Frivate stokes's quick thinking and speedy action causing the talk destroyer to be moved into the e on in the face of such odds, was a display of carage and determination which reflects the finest traditions of the straid forces and were above and beyond the call of sat,
- 3. Private Stokes, at the blue of the action described was analyzed as armunition passer on a tank destroyed in the 2nd lateon, So 13° 030th Tank Destroyed Battalion.
- h. rivate loues is ab resent ussigned the allegation parameters tank destroyer in 30 °C" 636th Tunk Destroyer Ballandon.
- 5. Fivate Stokes's entire service from the time he was inducted into Federal ervice Service 1953, to the present thee, has been honorable. Federal home address and address at time of induction: Rosto 1, is ster, Cylahoma.

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V.d... Yo. 12 it. Col. Infantry Com.nding

# HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALIUN Ard #306, U. S. Arey

AG 200

24 September 1943

SUBJECT: Recommendation for the award of the Silver Star.

To: The Commanding General, Fifth Army, Aru #174 U.S. Army (Thru Channels)

- l. It is recommended that the Silver Star be awarded the following named enlisted man: uscar G. Sparks, 30035702, Staff Sergeant, Company "B", 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 2. On the afternoon of September 16, 1943 during heavy fighting, an M-10 Tank Destroyer of Company "C" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion was struck by fragments from an enemy shell igniting the destroyer and causing the crew to abandon it. Staff Sergeant Sparks, Company "B" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion accompanied by two other men, ran to the destroyer and in the face of heavy small arms and artillery fire, shoveled dirt on to the burning vehicle which was fully loaded with oil and ammunition, and by his action displayed unusual courage and utter disregard for his own safety. This prompt action above and beyond the call of duty, save a valuable piece of equipment much needed by our troops, prevented serious damage and permitted it to be placed back in use the same day. His courage and gallantry were an inspiration to his command and reflects the finest traditions of the Armed Forces.
- 3. Staff Sergeant Spark's Platoon was a part of Company "B" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion. The undersigned certifies that he was an eye witness to the heroic accomplishment.
- 4. Staff Sergeant Sparks is at present Platoon Sergeant, 1st Platoon, Company "B" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion and was at the time of the action described. Staff Sergeant Sparks: entire service from the time he was inducted into Federal Service January 15, 1944 has been honorable. Home address at time of induction and at present: 137 West Illinoise Street, Dallas, Texas.

JUMN S. BUDENMILLER Capt., 636th TD Bn. Commanding Co. B.

# HEADQUARTERS 6364h TANK DESTROYER BATTALION APO 6386, U. S. APRIL

24 September 1945

Subject: Resemmendation for the award of the Silver Star and Citation.

- To : The Commanding General, Fifth Army, APO \$474, U.S. Army. (Thru Channels)
- l. It is recommended that the Silver Star and a Citation be awarded the felliwing names enlisted man: Raymond G. Hurphy, 20802898, Staff Sergeant, Company \*0 \* 656th Tank Destroyer Battalian.
- 2. During the day of September 14, 1945, Sergeant Murphy, seeing a number of enemy tanks, omised his destroyerte be moved by his orew, to a position under direct fire of enemy tanks and small arms. From that position, the tank destroyer erew destroyed five enemy tanks and one ammunition truck by firing only six rounds of ammunition. In so doing, a grave menace to the safety of American troops was removed. Sergeant Murphy's quick thinking and speedy action in emising the tank destroyer to be moved into the open in the face of such odds was a display of ecurage and determination and was an inspiration to the men under his command. His actions reflects the finest traditions of the Armed Forces and were above and beyond the call of duty.
- 5. Sergeent Murphy, at the time of the action described was Acting Section Sergeant, 2nd Platoon, Company "U" 656th Tank Destroyer Settalion, The undersigned was present during the action described, and certifies that he was an eye witness to the heroic accomplishment.
- 4. Bergeant Hurphy is at present Kotor Sergeant, Company \*0 \* 656th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 5. Sergeant Hur; hy's entire service from the time he was inducted into Federal Service with the Texas National Guard, November 25, 1940, to the present time, has been honorable. Home address at time of induction: 512 East Nevada Street, El Paso, Texas. Present Home address: 2577 Park Street, Jacksonville, Florida.

VAN V. PYLAND 14. Celonel, Infantry Commanding

# HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALICK APO #306, U. S. Army

24 September 1913

AG 200

SUBJECT: Recommendation for the award of the Silver Star.

- TO: The Commanding General, Fifth Army, APO 174, U.S. Army (Thru Channels).
- 1. It is recommended that the Silver Star be awarded the following named enlisted man: ROBERT L. DODSCH, 20817189, Staff Sergeant, Company "B", 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion.
- 2. On the afternoon of September 16, 1943, during heavy fighting in W-Lu Tank Destroyer of Company "C", 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion was struck by fragments from an enemy shell, igniting the destroyer and emissing the enew to abandon it. Staff Sergeant Dodson, acc meaned by two other men run to the destroyer and in the face of heavy small arms and arbillary fire, showeled dirt on to the burning vehicle which was fully loaded with oil and armunition and by his actions displayed unusual courage and utter disregard to his own safety. This prompt action above and beyond the call of duty saved a valuable piece of equipment much needed by our troops, prevented serious damage and and permitted it to be placed back in use the same day. His courage and gallantry were an inspiration to his command and reflects the finest traditions of the Armed Forces.
- 3. Staff Sergeant Dodson's Plateon was part of Company "la", 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion. The undersigned certifies that he was an eye witness to the heroic accomplishment.
- h. Staff Sergeant Dodson is at present Platoon Sergeant, 2nd Platoon, Company "B" 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion and was at the time of the action described. Staff Sergeant Dodson's entire service from the time he was inducted into Federal Service with the Texas National Guard, November 25, 1960 has been honorable. Home address at time of induction and at present: 608 North Jefferson Street, Beeville, Texas.

JUNES, NORTH TLLER Captain, 63eth TD Bn Comdg Co "B"





HEADQUARTERS 36TH INFANTRY DIVISION APO 36, U. S. ARMY

RESTRICTED

OPERATIONS IN ITALY Wee 43 - JANUARY 1944

· ANNEX # 21

636 TH TANK DESTROYER BATTALION

CLASSIFICATION CHANGED TO:

4.0

The following image(s) may be of poor quality due to the poor quality of the original.

REPORT OF SISTERIOAL RE Period.02001 Oct 19

ETHINY TO RACHELLAD

October 1: Company "A", 656th TD Bn was de talion the attached to VI Gerps to guard VI Gerps Con naissance Company looked a German Artillery an dump and its location was reported to YE fory most forward was made.

Cotober 2: Orders for movement to meant Lombardi were reserved and road priority beginn E 84 060B was given. Preparations for movement were make,

Cotober 5: Movement of the Battalion to Juardia Lombardi was effected a the new area with the missil-

October 4: The area of the Corps right flank & rear scholen was selected in Guardia Lambardi and trucks were dispe to bring the rear schelon forward. The mile schelon closed in the no location shortly after dark.

Cotober 5: Recommissance of the area was continued and mighteen (18) 25 ton earge trucks were furnished to VI Corps for hauling assumise tion and equipment.

October 6: Recommissance work was continued and the Sattali n Commander located a possible area for further displacement forward. To other activity during the day.

Cotober 7: No activity during the morning, but an order for movement to the visinity of i. leorgio was received in the afternoon. I wurning order was issued by the Battalion Commander.

October 8: The Sattalion moved to a position near 3. Secreto and closed in the area at about 1000 hours. Gecommaissance of the area was made during the afternoon.

We activity during the 9th of October. Positions were October 9: improved,

october 10: Considerable reconnaismance by Reconnaismance Company and the taff was made and possible assembly areas in the vicinity of onte were checked.

atober 11; o notivity on the 11th of stober.

ctober 12: Midden with the ritial process on our right flore with sotablished and corps rtillery fficer reconnended that the thalion he moved to the vicinity of contembers alone support of the formed .ebrants could be made.

etober 15: In order from Commanding, energy VI Corps to move the Pattalion to visinity of . onte on 14 Cetober 45 was received. Reconnaissance of the area was made and the juttalion Commander issued, murch order for movement to start at 2600 hours the next service.

Valober 14: Povement of the Battalian started on the marning of 14 Potober 45 as claimed under the command of the Executive Officer. The Battalian Commander attended the presentation of Awards to members of Jompany "J" at Fifth Army Heed Disters. The presentation was made by It General JLACK.

The Hattalion closed in its new area near Ponte at 1015 hours. A new location for the rear echelon was selected and plans to move the rear echelon the following day were made.

detaber 15: Recommissance of the surrounding area was made and plans for protecting the rear of Jorps were completed. The rear echelon was moved to its new location in Fonts.

School 16: Recommissance in the Corps area was continued and liaison was maintained with 645th TD 3n and contact made with the 45th Division.

Gatcher 15: Two latoons of Company "B" were moved to indirect firing positions in the 45th Division sector. The Ranger Platoon accompanied the "5" Company Platoons. An unexploded aerial bomb was located and taped off near the rear schelon area and a report was made to Commanding General, 71 Corps. In the afternoon an order was received to move the Sattalion in an area near Teless. The area was quickly reconnoitered and the Battalion was moved that evening.

October 18: An C servation lost was established from which indirect fire missions could be observed. A notice was received that General LUCAS, Commanding Seneral, VI Corps, would present decorations to Staff Sergeant DODAC and Staff Sergeant DODAC and Staff Sergeant DODAC and Staff Sergeant DODAC and Staff Sergeant DODAC at 1100 hours.

in enemy mine field was located by the Reconnaissance Ucmpany and the mines were lifted by the lioneer latoon of that Organization.

Swarning order for the movement to the vicinity of Ruviano was received and a route reconnaissance was made that evening.

Ictober 19: Reconnaissance for an assembly area in the vicinity of Rayanio Rayane and Reneral EUGAR presented sliver Stars to Staff Sergeant Distant Rayana and Staff Sergeant Distant Rayana at 1100 hours. arming order was issued to move on the following morning, but later orders from VI Corps directed that the movement should not be made.

ctober 20: To activity on this into but late in the afternoon classance was received to move the Telestation to the vicinity of Ruviano and the order previously prepared was issued.

and closed in the area at 1045 hours. Reconnaissance of the surrounding area was made and computing of the installations was checked.

sind liaison maintained with the forward units. Buildings for the rear achalon were selected in Ruviano.

<u>'ctober 25</u>: The rear echelon was moved to Ruviano and Liaison with the foliat Fank Destroyer Battalion was established.

stober 24: To activity other than reconnaissance for this dote.

October 26: We activity other than recommissance.

October 27: Forward areas were reconnoitered for a contemplated movement of the Battalion, Limison was maintained with forward units.

October 28: Additional recommissance was made for an assembly area in the vicinity of Pietramelara. A French Boldier, who had escaped from an enemy Prisoner of War enclosure, was brought to the Command Post and gave some information regarding German troops and gun dispositions. He was sent to VI Corps for further questioning. A request for the transfer of our Communication Officer to Fifth Army was received.

October 29: The second Platoon of Company "J", which was on duty with Fifth Army Hondquarters, was ordered on Detached Jervice to the Antitank Regiment, British 7th Armored Division at Alvanova to instruct in Tank Destroyer principles, nomenslature of H-10 Tank Destroyer and Motor Carriage H-10 and the 5 inch gun. The Battalion Commander issued a warning order for movement of the Battalion to the vicinity of Riardo.

Cotober 30: The Battalion moved to the vicinity of Riardo, establishing Headquarters just south of Pietramelara. All troops closed in the area by 1500 hours. A mined crossing was reported by an Italian Civilian and the information forwarded to Commanding Seneral, VI Corps.

October 31: Plans were prepared for protecting the rear of the Corpe and also for reinforcing either of the forward Tank Destroyer Battalions. Resonnaissance of the forward areas was made.

MAY REPORTED IN Italy, 1:50,000.

### Attached Annexes:

- l. Copy of Unit Journal
- 2. Overlay of positions
- 3. Personnel casualities during period
- 4. Vehicular ossualities during period
- 5. Enemy casualities caused by 636th TD Bn during period

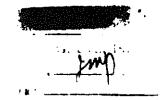
For the Battalion Commander:

REAJAN L. DUBOSE Captain, Infantry Adjutant

CEFICIAL:

Cacyan Lulson
TOTAN L. DUBOIS
Japtain, Infantry
Adjutant

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HEAD(UARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALION Office of the Battalion Commander

APO 36, U S Army 4 December 1943

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Records.

TO : Commanding General, 36th Infantry Division, APO 36, U S Army.

l. Pursuant to instructions contained in Letter, Allied Force Headquarters, Cated 20 April 1943, file AG 314.7/389 G-M, Subject: Historical Records and Mistories of Organizations, transmitted herewith Operations in Maly, Movember 1943 of this Battalion.

## 2. Conclusions:

a. It is believed that where a Tank Destroyer Battalion is available for attachment to two Divisions of a Corps front that it is excellent Tank Destroyer tactics to have a third Tank Destroyer Battalion in Corps reserve maintaining utmost vigilance and aggressive reconnaissance to supplement or reinforce the fires of either of the other Battalions in the event of an armored threat to them. The most suitable location for such a reserve Battalion is near a road net which will permit rapid movement into either Division sector.

Van W. Cylana

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Lt Colonel, Infantry

Commanding

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Tarrative of Operations for the month of Tovember, with attached annexes

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HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALION APO 36, U S Army

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2 December 1943

# OPERATIONS IN ITALY, NOVEMBER 1943

During the early part of November, 1 November 1943 to 13 November 1943, this Battalion operated with the VI Corps and was in Corps Reserve near Pietramelara. On November 1, 1943, word was received that Company "C" of this organization was to be released from Special Duty guarding the Fifth Army Command Post, except for one platoon which had been assigned to instruct British Troops in the use of the M-10 Tank Destroyer. Company "C" rejoined the Battalion 3 November 1943, however, the platoon which was on duty with the British did not join the Battalion until 16 November 1943.

On November 1st, the Battalion dug into positions which they had occupied on order of the Commanding General VI Corps, in the vicinity of Riardo and Pietramelara. These positions were on the extreme left flank of VI Corps, east of the town of Teano, which was still in enemy hands. Upon the capture of Teano by the British and subsequent advance of the 3rd Division, the Battalion remained in these positions with the mission of constant reconnaissance for suitable positions to reinforce the Tank Destroyer Battalions attached to the 3rd and 45th Divisions and to continue to protect the left flank of VI Corps. Throughout this period, contact with the British X Corps was the mission assigned the Battalion.

Vigorous reconnaissance was made throughout the Corps Sector maintaining contact with forward elements of assaulting Battalions of VI Corps by the Commander and Staff of the Battalion. This reconnaissance of two division fronts for suitable positions for Tank Pestroyers required to long hours by all reconnaissance agencies of this unit. Intelligence reports were sent to Corps G-2 of road conditions and enemy material which was found in recently occupied areas. Among other items which were returned. The were several anti-tank hand mines, the first discovered on the VI Corps front.

On 14 November 1943, the Battalion was assigned to the II Corps and attached to the 36th Livision with orders to relieve the 601st Tank Destroyer Battalion at the same time the 36th Division relieved the 3md Division in the Mignano Sector. Reconnaissance was immediately made from a Battalion Command Post, and a Command Post was selected near Riccillia. Positions were also selected for the Destroyer Companies from which they could relieve the Destroyer Companies of the 601st Tank Destroyer mattalian.

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Plans were prepared and submitted to the Commanding General, 36th Infantry Division for approval. These plans were approved and on 15 November 1973, relief of the 60lat Tank Lastroyer Battalian was begun. By 17 November 1973, the Battalian had completely closed in the 36th Division sector and liaison with the Division established.

Plans were immediately begun to support the Division Artillery with indirect fire and the Battalion Commander prepared a recommendation for an Anti-tank Plan for the Division upon the request of the Division Commander. The recommendation was adopted.

During the period 19 November 1943 to 28 November 1943, the Battalion remained in the positions selected near Mignano, fired indirect fire missions which were given by the Division Artillery, and missions located by our forward observers. Our positions were subjected to intermittent harrassing fire and also a number of heavy counter-battery concentrations.

The S=2 section cooperated with the Shellrep Officer of the Division Artillery and the Vocal Counter-Battery Officer of II Corps, in reporting concentrations and probable locations of enemy batteries.

On 20 November 1943, Private Albert B. Anderson, 32767048, Company "B", 636th Tank Destroyer Battalion, of Iselen, New Jersey, a platoon messenger, was scriously wounded by a shell fragment as he was carrying a message to his platoon Commander. In spite of his wound, he continued on his mission and completed it. For this gallant action, he was recommended for the Silver Star.

From 20 November 1943 to 23 November 1943, inclusive, the Battalion was credited with the desiruction of one building, used as a German Command Post, four trucks, three self-propelled guns, one motorcycle, and one machine-gun. The estimated enemy personnel killed was seventy-nine. Of our materiel, a sight was damaged on an M-10 and a .50 cal. machine-gun mount was blown from another M-10, one 3/4 ton weapons-carrier and one 4 ton truck was damaged. All vehicles have been repaired and placed back into action.

29 November 1943 and 30 November 1943 were used in preparing plans and moving units of the Battalion to locations to support the Division in attacking the Mount Camino Hill Mass, although, later on the afternoon of 30 November 1943, indirect fire was placed on San Pietro Infine to a sist the Ranger Battalion, which was attacking that area. Final plans for the movement and support of the Division in the operations against Mount Camino were to be completed at a conference, scheduled for 1 December 1943.

In spite of very disagreeable rainy weather, the fact that the Battalion has been in operations continuously since the initial landing of troops

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in the Salermo operation, and the difficulty of supplying suitable mations to the troops under combat conditions, the morele and spirit of the insense during the entire month has been excellent. It was ressible to give the entire Battalion at least one hot meal on Thanksgiving Day, which included turkey on the menu.

During the entire period for which report is rendered, four men were killed in action and minuteen men were required in action.

Map Reference: Italy, 1:50,000.

Attached Innerra:

1. Copy of this Journal

2. Or right of lesitions

3. Preson of Orsualties during period

4. Johnston Compalties during period

5. Energy Compelling caused by 636th TD Bn during period

For the Pattalion Commander:

PAGAT L. DURGET Captain, Infantry

Unit Tistorian

OFFICIAL:

Jeagan L. Sentone

Zaptain, Infantry
Adjutant

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	BATTL	r_Casuality	REPORT		CALL THE STATE OF
<del>-</del> `	drame -	E-ASH - 1	DATE OF	TYPE O	N 7
HEADCHANTERS COMPANY None MEDICAL DETACHMENT MADDEN, EDWARD J.	Pvt	<b>3673 588</b> 5	OASUATET  20 Hov 43		7482 N. Morded Are.
HODE COMPANY "A"					Shipage, 133 nets
HAPEMAN, FRANK H.	<b>0</b> b)	<i>3</i> 71.46998	22 Nov 43	KIA	605 lith St. Auburn, Webr.
SHOCKLEY, DELMAR L.	Pfc	15104358	22 Nov 43	KIA	226 S. Walnut St. Batesville, Ind.
CRAIG, DYER C.	S/Sgt	38038745	22 Nov 43	SWA	General Delivery Worthen, Texas
THEILER, HOY A.	Tech V	37146965	22 Nov 43	SWA	Elsie, Nebr.
WILLIAMS, LONNIE S.	Tech V	34333867	22 Nov 43	" SWA	HPD 3, Boam, Ala.
JANIK, STANLEY (NAN)	Pfc	36352080	22 Nov 43	STA	
KARIER, MARK N.	Pvt	36358662	22 Nov 43	LWA	Chicago, Illinois 374 H. Avers Ave.
MIKE, JOHN (NMN)	Pvt	32285417	22 Nov. 43	SWA	Chicago, Illinois 723 W. Court St.
THOMAS, WILLIAM H.	Pvt	20816149	22 Nov 43	SWA	Ithmon, New York Box 306,
COMP ANY "B"					Manufield, Texas
HILBERS, GERALD G.C.	Pfc	37146528	2 Nov 43	LWA	711 S. 11th St. Norfork, Nebr.
WARE, CLYDE N.	Pvt	3 <i>32</i> 04 <i>3</i> <b>92</b>	16 Nov 43	STA	Marydel, Maryland
ANDERSON, ALBERT B.	Pvt	32767048	20 Nov 43	SWA	Trento St. Iselen, N. J.
BYRD, AARON (NMN)	Pfc	34333712	20 Nov 43	IMA	Route 1, Mt Vernon, Ala.
FLORES, RUDOLPH Z.	Pfc	38027457	22 Nov 43	IWA	1802 Commonde St. Corpus Christi, Tex.
SHARON, FRANK L.	Pfc	31105053	22 Nov 43	KIA	1136 Ogden St. Ext. Bridgeport, Conn.
MARLOVITS, FRANK C.	Pfc	33264973	23 Nov 43	SWA	706 Stanton Ave.
TAYLOR, WALTER W.	Pfc	33205877	30 Nov 43	LWA	501 S. Pulaski St. Baltimore, Md.
COMPANY "C" MAYO, DURKIN P.	Sgt	38038972	20 Nov 43	LIA	·
GALLMAN, WILLIAM L.	S/Sgt	20815185	21 Nov 43	LIA	RFD 2, Italy, Texas
CROWLEY, LESTER V.	Pfc		21 Nov 43	LIA	Huckleberry Hill
HOOTEN, ALEX J.	Pvt	38300239	21 Nov 43	LWA	Unionville, Conn. General Delivery
DAVIS, MASON R.	Tech IV	7 2081.4939	23 No <b>v</b> 43	KIA	Cooper, Texas 507 W. Heard St. Cleburne, Texas



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ANNEX NO. 3.

# PERSONNEL BATTLE CASUALTY REPORT

OFFICERS				enleted his				
	<u>Killed</u>	Tounded	MIV	Captured	Killed	Nounded	MIT	Captured
Nov 2	0	. 0	0	0	0	1.	0	0
Nov 16	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Nov 20	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
Nov 21	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Nov 22	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0
Nov 23	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	О .
Nov 30	0	0	0	0	0.	1	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	4	19	0	0

ANKEX NO. 3





ATTEC ME. A

# VINICIA CASUALTY REPORT

- 1 Sight damaged on 3 inch Cun.
  - 1 .50 Cel. Machine Gun mount blown from M-10.
- 1 3/4 Ton Weapons Carrier damaged.
- 1 Ton Truck damaged.
- All vehicles were repaired within the Battalion and placed back into action.

ANNEX NO. 4

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ANNEX NO. 5.

## ENEMY CASUALTY REPORT

- Par 1. Total expenditure of 3" ammunition during period was 4,800.
  Par 2. Estimated enemy personnel killed: 79.
- Par 3. Damage to enemy material:
  - 1 Building, German Command Post, destroyed
  - 4 Trucks destroyed
  - 2 Artillery batteries silenced
  - 3 Self-Propelled guns destroyed
  - 1 Motorcycle destroyed
  - 1 Machine Gun destroyed
  - 1 Attack plane destroyed

# HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALION Office of the Sattalion Commander

APO 464, U.S. Army 5 January 1944

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Records

TO: Commanding General, 36th Infantry Division, APO 36, U.S. Army.

1. Pursuant to instructions contained in Letter, Allied Force Headquarters, dated 20 April 1943, file AG 314.7/389 C-M, Subject: Historical Records and Histories of Organizations, transmitted herewith Operations in Italy, December 1943 of this Battalion.

#### 2. Conclusions:

a. The action just completed by this organization demonstrates without a doubt the value of the Tank Destroyer as a direct fire Infantry support weapon in the neutralization of pillboxes, machine gun nests and other emplacements. Firing against personnel in houses with delayed fuze high explosive ammunition secures bursts within the buildings and is especially effective. It is also extremely effective against dugouts and caves in the sides of hills. Massed guns in indirect positions can be used with closed sheefs using forward observer methods to traverse and search an area immediately in front of our attacking Infantry. In the action just completed these tactics were employed repeatedly and also proved valuable in breaking up an enemy counter-attack.

Van W. Pyland
VAN W. PYLAND
Lt Colonel, Infantry
Commanding

1 Incl:

Narrative of Operations for the month of December, with attached annexes

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# HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALION APO 464, U. S. Army

5 January 1944

# OPERATIONS IN ITALY, DECEMBER 1943

On the morning of December 1st, the three destroyer companies were in indirect fire positions well ferward in the 36th Infantry Division sector. The Division was, at that time, preparing plans for the capture of the Maggiere Hill Mass, the attack to be coordinated with the British 10th Corps, which was planning the capture of Mount Camino and other adjoining terrain features.

The Battalion Commander held a conference with the staff to prepare notes regarding the attack and later in the morning all Company
Commanders attended a conference at which our part in the coming operation was explained. Each Company Commander was given a 1:25,000 map
of the Mount Comine, Mount Maggiore area and a specially prepared air
photograph with enemy installations marked on it tegether with phase
lines of the planned operation. Final instructions were given for the
movement of A, B, and C Companies into direct fire positions as shown
on the attached over-lay to support the attack of the 1/2md Infantry
with direct fire. Maison Officers who were to accompany each Battalion of the 1/2md Infantry were given their final instructions at
this conference. These officers were to carry radice with the 1/2md
Infantry Battalions as they made the attack and be prepared to direct
fire on any enemy installations that threatened the advance of the Infantry.

During the early hours of the night, Companies A and B moved into the direct fire positions which had been selected, and 1,000 rounds of extra amunition were delivered to the new positions. Three days extra K rations were also issued, since supply in these ferward areas would be difficult. During December 2nd, a new OF was established and the S-2 spent most of the day observing the area ever which the attack was to be launched and making notes of points which would be helpful in supporting the Infantry with direct fire. The liaison efficers joined the Battalions they were to move forward with, and certain changes were made in the phase lines which our destroyers were to use in shifting their fire. Company C moved to its new direct fire position as shown on the overlay attached and three days extra rations

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and extra assumition were issued during the night. At 2300 hours, Company B reported the capture of one German prisoner. The prisoner was transferred to the Division prisoner of war inclosure. During the early morning hours of December 3rd, very heavy preparation fires fell on the enemy positions and the attack was launched as scheduled. The planned fires were placed on Mount Maggiore and Mount Lunge, both with three inch guns and .50 cal. machine guns. A considerable amount of counter-battery fire fell on our positions and we requested the Division Artillery to place some concentrations on S. Pietro. At 0900 hours, heavy concentration fell on our Company A position, killing one was and wounding three. One half-track was destroyed, one quarter-tom truck was destroyed and one damaged.

Our Lieison Officers with the 142nd Infantry reported in several times during the day, requesting fires on various houses and terrain objects which were giving the Infantry trouble. Fires were immediately placed on these points. Throughout the day, fires were placed on Mount Lungs and other targets, located by our Battalion OP, when special missions were not being fired in response to requests by the 142nd Infantry. At 2000 hours, Company A reported three of their men wounded and also one of their medical aid men wounded. All of our positions received counter-battery fire during the day and it was especially heavy in the Company A area. Our ammunition expenditure in support of this attack for the twenty-four hour period was as follows:

1.	Company "A"	1,100 rounds H.E.	
2.	Company "B"	970 rounds H.E.	744 rounds AP
3.	Company "C"	1,345 rounds H.E.	

On December 4th, the 142nd Infantry continued clearing the Mount Maggiore Hill Mass which was taken on the previous day and no fire missions were requested during the morning. One of our Liaison Officers returned, but two remained throughout the day. Visibility was very poer and consequently no missions could be fired in the valley opposite Mount Maggiore. Later in the day, the 142nd Infantry requested fire at one point where enemy mortars were suspected. Company "B" placed a concentrationat that point. Another of our Liaison Officers reported in from the 142nd Infantry that might, leaving one Liaison Officer still on duty with the 1st Battalion, 142nd Infantry.

With the completion of the eperation on Mount Maggiore, on 5 Dec 1943, indirect fire positions were selected near the direct fire positions in the various company areas and companies were registered on base points so that suitable targets could be engaged in the valley and on the Mount Sammuere Hill Mass. Enemy activity was noted along the railread

track at the foot of Mount Lungo and a considerable amount of fire was placed in the draw along this railroad. The three destroyer companies were strafed by enemy planes about noon and our .50 cal. AA guns returned the fire. Company C reported that their AA Sections made hits on at least two of the planes. They began smoking and apparently fell over the hill beyond Mount Rotundo. Our Reconnaissance Company continued to maintain contact with the British. All of our positions were still under considerable shell fire throughout the day. Our Battalion OP reported that several fires were started in the valley between Mount Lungo and Mount Camino, as a result of our fires, but it was impossible to determine the exact result which we obtained. Company "B" fired 357 rounds of 3 inch H.E. and 300 rounds of .50 cal ammunitien. Company "C" fired 1,370 rounds of H.E. and 500 rounds of .50 cal. ammunition.

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The situation throughout 6 Dec 1943 was comparatively quiet. A number of indirect missions were fired by our forward observers, but no definite results could be noted except that on one mission, fired by Company "B", three enemy vehicles were set on fire. During the day, our ammunition expenditure was as follows:

1. Company "A" 92 rounds H.E. 2. Company "B" 338 rounds H.E.

3. Company "C" 47 rounds H.E.

About 2000 hours, our Liaison Officer at 36th Division Headquarters brought a tentative field order, giving information about a proposed operation by the 143rd Infantry, which we were to support.

On the morning of 7 December 1943, plans were completed for supporting the 143rd Infantry, in their attack on S. Pietro and Mount Sammucro and the attack of the First Italian Motorized Brigade on Mount Lungo. (See Field Order attached). The destroyer companies were given points to register on in support of this operation and registration on these points was completed during the day. A conference was held at 1830 hours with the staff and Company Commanders to familiarize them with the coming operation. A Liaison Officer was sent to the 143rd Infantry CP to direct the fire of this Battalian on any targets of opportunity which might appear as the Infantry advanced on its objective.

The morning of 8 Dec 1943, Company "A" moved its 3rd Platoon to the position selected for it, as shown in the field order attached. The scheduled fires in support of the operation were reported completed at 0620 hours. The attack of the Italian Moterised Brigade on Mount Lungo was not successful and at 0658, Division called and informed us to be prepared to meet a counter-attack down the railroad at the foot of Mount Lungo. Heavy shell fire fell in our Company "C" area during the morning.



We placed several concentrations on targets on Mount Lungo and in the afternoon fired missions which were requested by the 143rd Infantry on S. Pietro. Later in the afternoon, several concentrations were placed in the vicinity of S. Vittore and also along the railroad at the foot of Mount Lungo. Our ammunition expenditure during the day in support of the operation was as follows:

1. Company "A" 402 rounds H.E.

2. Company "B" 800 rounds H.E. 56 rounds AP

3. Company "C" 741 rounds H.E.

On 9 Dec 43, the Battalion continued firing on targets which appeared in the valley between Mount Maggiore and Mount Lungo, on Mount Lungo itself and in the S. Pietro area. The attack by the 143rd Infantry on S. Pietro had not been successful and all of Sammucro had not been captured. The Italian attack on Mount Lungo had been completely repulsed by the enemy, and the 36th Division began preparing plans for another assault on these positions. A mission was given to our Battalion and the Battalion Commander was requested to make a reconnaissance and then prepare recommendations for the consideration of the Division Commander.

The S=3 and a party from Reconnaissance Company made a reconnaissance of the S. Pietro-Venafro road to check the road conditions and to determine the possibility of operating tanks and TD's in that area. The Battalion Commander visited the Commander of the 143rd Infantry to get complete information about conditions in the 143rd Infantry sector. The S-1 and the Company Commander of Company MA' made a reconnaissance of the pass between Mount Rotunda and Montecello.

On the morning of 10 Dec 1943, the Battalion Commander called his staff, the Company Commander of Company "A", and the Company Commander of Reconnaissance Company together to discuss the results of the various reconnaissances. It was the general concensus of opinion that any operation down the S. Pietro-Venafro Road would not be practicable as neither tanks ner TD's could move to the side of the road successfully due to the nature of the terrain and the deep mud which was the result of much heavy rain-fall. The pass between Rotunda and Montecello had been found to be impracticable in its present condition but it was thought that with sufficient engineering work it could be made passable and that the most practical support to the new operation could be given by repairing this pass and placing destroyers in direct position on the forward slopes of Mount Rotunda and Mount Montecello. From such positions, fire could be placed all along the slopes of Sammucre, in the valley between Sammucro and Montecells, in and around S. Pietre, and out into the valley to the West.

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At the conclusion of the conference, the Battalion Commander, the S-1, and the S-3 visited Division Headquarters and the Battalion Commander made these recommendations to the Division Commander.

During the day, Company "B" fired on some targets which were located by our forward OP, and at 1430 hours, all Company Commanders reported to the Battalion CP for a conference regarding the coming operation. The mission and the plans were discussed by the Battalion Commander who then decided that two plateons of Company "A" and one plateon of Company "C" were to take positions beyond the pass between Mount Mount Montecelle. He also decided that a number of .30 and .50 cal. machine gums would be placed beyond the destroyers to support the 143rd and the 141st Infantry regiments in making the assault on 3. Pietre. The remainder of the Battalion was to support the eperation with indirect fire, searching the area in front of the Infantry advance and firing on any suitable targets which might appear.

On 11 Dec 1943, the Battalion Commander took the Company Commanders forward into the area in front of the Mount Rotundo Pass to select positions for their destroyers and machine gums, in accordance with the plan which had been made the previous day. The 3-2 went to Division Headquarters to secure large scale photographs of the area to assist in selecting targets and in placing the weapons in position. As the eperation was to be coordinated with the 753rd Tank Battalion, contact was also made with that unit. At 1440 hours, orders were received to place 12 destroyers in position beyond the pass during the night and that there was to be no firing from these positions until directed to do seby the Division Commander. In addition to the 12 destroyers, 24.50 cal. machine gums were also put into position on Montecello to assist in forming a base of fire. Indirect fire missions were fired during the day by Companies "A", and "B". Three enemy vehicles were hit but the extent of damage could not be determined.

During the early morning hours of 12 Dec 1943, the 12 destroyers were placed in position in accordance with the Division Commander's order. The two platoons of Company "A" were first in position and were being lead into the area by the Company Commander, Captain Alec P. Pearson, and as the first destroyer left the road, it hit a mine which exploded and wounded Captain Pearson and Sergeant Broussard. The Sergeant was evacuated promptly but, in spite of his painful wound, Captain Pearson remained on duty throughout the night, directing the movement of his unit and was still on duty early the next morning when the Battalion Commander arrived to check the area. The Battalion Commander ordered Captain Pearson to report to the aid station for treatment and told the Division Commander of Captain Pearson's gallant action.

For this conspicuous service beyond the call of duty, General Walker awarded Captain Pearson the Silver Star.

The Division Commander held a conference at 1220 hours, with all the unit commanders who were to participate in the attack to make final plans for the operation and to coordinate the movement of the various units. It was decided that additional time was needed to get all units in position as the 142nd Infantry was to attack Mount Lunge from the flank the night following the assault on S. Pietro and Sammucro. Because of this, it was necessary for those destroyers in direct fire position on the ness of Mount Montecelle to remain concealed throughout that day and the fellowing day. Considerable activity was noted in the valley West of S. Vitters and North of Mount Maggiore throughout the day, as those destroyers that were in indirect fire position fired several indirect missions. Our ferward positions were under considerable shell fire throughout this period.

During 13 Dec 1943, our destroyers which were in indirect fire positions completed registration on points that could be used to assist the Infantry in its attack on S. Pietro and Sammucro. Our positions were again under intermittent shell fire. Our OP located an enemy gun position which could not be fired on by our flat trajectory weapons so we called the Division artillery, reported the target, and our OP adjusted the fire of the artillery on the gun position.

The Battalion Commander held a conference with the staff and the Company Commanders during the afternoon and gave the final instructions for our support of the 141st and 143rd Infantry in the attack on S. Pietro. He also stated that the 753rd Tank Battalion was to send one Company of tanks down the S. Pietro-Venafro Road and that our gunners should be alert to lift their fire when the tanks appeared.

During the night our listening posts reported that motors could be heard on the highway in the vicinity of S. Pietro and S. Vittore and also reported that some lights had been observed in these areas. This information was passed on to the Division. An over-lay showing our disposition in support of the operation is attached.

On 14 Dec 1943, it was learned that the attack which had been planned would not take place until the following day, as all troops could not be in position before that time. During the early morning hours, shelling was intermittent throughout the area and the Battalion Commander spent most of the day at the CP checking the area in front of our positions and making final plans for supporting the attack on the position with firs. Our forward areas were dive-bombed twice during the morning and a bomb fragment damaged one of our quarter-ton vehicles.

During the afternoon a heavy artillery concentration fell on one of the platoon positions in fromt of Mount Montecelle. One shell hit the extra ammunition which was stacked behind one of the destroyers, setting it on fire. The platoon commander with other members of the platoon got out of their vehicles with fire extinguishers to extinguish the flames and prevent them from spreading. In spite of the fact that the ammunition was exploding they continued to fight the fire using fire extinguishers and water and shoveling dirt onto the flames until they were extinguished. Lieutenant Boysa and three enlisted men were wounded while putting out the fire. This officer and all the enlisted men who participated in this action have been recommended to be awarded the Silver Star.

Some indirect fire missions were fired during the day by the platoons that had remained in indirect fire positions.

On the morning of 15 Dec 1943, the Battalion Commander called the Commanding Officer of the 141st Infantry to coordinate operations with him. He also checked with Division Headquarters and 143rd Infantry to ascertain if all were ready for the attack that day. The operation was to begin at 1200 hours and we had Lisisen Officers with both erganizations. At 0900 hours, 15 enemy planes bombed and strafed the valley in which we were operating and four planes were destroyed by the AA Artillery. No firing was done by our Battalion until the attack started at 1200 hours and then the scheduled fires were laid down. The Tank Company which was to move into S. Pietro on the S. Pietro-Venafro Road, made the assault, but was unsuccessful. Some of the tanks almost reached the town and found that the road had been blocked with vehicles and debris, several had hit mines before reaching the Town and it was decided later in the day to withdraw the remainder of the tanks, since the Infantry had not been successful in moving along with them. Some members of the 141st Infantry had succeeded in reaching the village, but were apparently cut off. No communication was ever established with them. During the early part of the night, the 142nd Infantry moved into position near Mount Lungo and during the night assaulted the Mountain.

The Battalion Commander spent 16 Dec 1943 in the forward area at the Battalion OP. The Commanding Officer 141st Infantry reported that his attack against S. Pietro had not been successful and that most of the Battalion making the assault were casualties. The 143rd had not advanced as far as planned so our destroyers that were in indirect fire positions fired most of the day in the area around S. Pietro, selecting targets which were suspected to contain enemy machine guns and mortars; A fire was started by one concentration and it appeared to be either a fuel or an ammunition dump. The assault by the 142nd on Mount Lungo had been successful and enemy on that mountain were mopped up during the day.

After dark our listening posts reported heavy shell fire northeast of S. Pietro in the 143rd Infantry Sector and shortly thereafter, the 143rd Infantry reported a counter-attack in that area and requested supporting fire. Two concentrations were placed in the area as requested and later information was received that the counter-attack had been broken up and that no further firing was necessary. About 2300 hours, the Division Commander called and reported that it was suspected that the enemy was withdrawing from the S. Pietro area and asked us to have our observers alert.

Most of 17 Dec 1943 was spent in reconnaissance as the enemy withdrew from the S. Pietro-Sammucro area during t e early morning hours. Very little enemy shelling occurred during the day and patrols were pushed forward aggressively. It was found that a considerable amount of equipment had been abandoned when the enemy withdrew and that the area had been heavily mined. A few mortars and machine guns had been left to cover the withdrawal but they were mopped up by the Infantry. The early morning of 18 Dec 1943 was quiet and the Battalion Commander went forward to reconnoiter positions for a possible forward displacement of the Battalion. While on this reconnaissance, a German soldier surrendered to the Battalion Commander. He brought the prisoner to the rear and upon questioning him, it was found that he had worked in a Battalion Headquarters and stated that his unit had orders to hold until 17 Dec 1943, and then withdraw to another line. He stated that the enemy had fallen back to S. Vittors area where positions had been prepared. After questioning, the prisoner was sent to the PW enclosure. During the day our M-10's which had been in position in front of Mount Montecello were moved back into indirect fire positions since they could make no further advance in that direction, and were not in suitable positions for indirect fire from that point. Some shell fire fell on our positions during the day, but it wasn't heavy.

19 December 1943 was spent in making reconnaissance of the forward area and preparing plans for displacing forward to give closer support to the Division. In moving one of the Company "A" destroyers, a track was blown off by a mine and one of the mechanics working on the destroyer was injured.

Preparations were made to move the service trains further forward and the Reconnaissance Company was moved to an area which was at the foot of Mount Rotundo. Enemy artillery fire was more active throughout the day.

On 20 Dec 1943, the Battalion Commander left for a reconnaissance just at daylight, to select direct fire positions West of S. Pietro to support Infantry attacking C. Morello. Contact was made with 3rd Battalion, 141st Infantry, outposting the line. Just after noon, instructions were received to place a platoon of destroyers Northwest of S. Pietro

## RESTRICTED

prior to dark. One Plateem of Company "B" was given this mission and a plateen of Recommaissance Gempany was also erdered to serven the Company "B" plateen. The other two plateens of Company "B" were ordered to take positions astride Highway #6 North of Nount Lunge near Read Junction #69 and one plateen of Company "G" was placed along the western slopes of Mount Retunds. Gempany "G" was plateen of Company "G" were held in indirect fire positions. It was found that the Company "G" were held in indirect fire positions. It was found that the Company "G" positions had been heavily mined so it was necessary for the Piencer Plateen to carefully sweep the area before the Company "G" destroyers could take up their positions.

On 21 Dec 1943, visibility was very poor and it was impossible to observe fire, so no missions were fired during the day. Fatrels were sent out from Company "B" and Recommaissance Company with orders to make forward as far as read junction 69 and report back each hour. Enemy shelling was fairly heavy throughout the day.

During the early morning hours of 22 Dec 1943, there was intermittent enemy shelling of our positions and enemy patrol activity was heavy. One man was wounded and one quarter—ten was damaged by a shell at about 0500 hours in the Reconnaissance Company area. Patrols were sent out again on the night of 22 Dec 1943 to the vicinity of the read junction 69.

During the early morning hours of 23 Dec 1943, a shell hit near a patrol which had been sent out by Recommaissance Company and one man was killed and snother wounded. An enemy patrol attempted to infiltrate through our positions West of Mount Lunge but was driven eff. At about 1300 hours, a shell hit in Company "B" area and killed one man and wounded two others. A conference of Company Commanders was called and the Battalion Commander instructed them to redouble their vigilance and see that the men remained dispersed and under cover.

Rhomy patrol activity had been so vigorous that on the morning of 24 Dec 1943, the Battalian Commander decided it would be well to place a strong point in the vicinity of read junction 69 to prevent infiltration by enemy patrols into our area. Plans were made to do this but, since the 15th Infantry was in that sector, it was necessary to coordinate with them before placing a strong point in that road junction.

The 15th Infantry had planned considerable patrel activity for the night, so the Commander of that regiment stated that he would establish a strong point there as the two units operating in the same area would cause confusion. Our Battalion Commander agreed to this and instructed. Company "B" and the Reconnaissance Company to continue our usual patrel activity, but to discontinue plans for the establishment of a strong point. Visibility continued to be poor and since the assumition expenditure had been sharply curtailed, no firing was done.

### Section 1

There was practically no activity on our sector during the 25th of December 1943, patrels were maintained during hours of darkness and a conference of Company Commanders and Company Executive Officers was held during the afterness. There was little shell fire in any of the areas.

On 26 Dec 1943, visibility was good and the Battalion Commander went to the OP to carry out fire missions. Permission was obtained from G-3 to fire in an area South of the North edge of S. Vitters and West of C. Merelle. The Battalian had 20 destroyers registered on S. Vittors and more than 1000 rounds were fired on appropriate targets. A recommaissance of the area East of S. Pietre was made by the Recommaissance Company. Considerable firing was done in the vicinity of S. Vittors and in the area North and West of the Town. At 1830 hours, we received orders from Division Headquarters to be prepared to move in the vicinity of Alife by moon 27 Dec 1943 and to have a quartering party report to G-1, 36th Division at 1800 hours 27 Dec 1943. This information was given to all Company Commanders immediately and the quartering parties were formed.

On the 27th of December, the quartering parties left as planned and the Battalion started the movement at 1200 hours. The Battalion closed in its new area at 1635 hours and at 1830, the Battalion Commander held a conference with the staff to make plans for reorganizing the Battalion, and for servicing of all types of equipment. The period 28 Dec 1943 to 31 Dec 1943 was utilized for maintenance work on all types of equipment and a complete ordnance inspection.

Map Reference: Italy 1:50,000.

#### Attached Annexes:

- 1. Copy of Unit Journal
- 2. Overlays of Positions
- 3. Personnel Casualties during period
- 4. Vehicular Casualties during period
- 5. Enemy Casualties caused by 636th TD Bn during period

For the Battalion Commander:

REAGAN L. DUBOSE Captain, Infantry Unit Historian

OFFICIAL:

RACAN L. DUBOSE

Captain, Infantry Adjutant

- 10 -

**ب** ن

1 December 1943

#### ro +1 MAPS: Italy 1:50,000

1. a. Germans occupy Mt. CAMIRO and Mt. DEFENSA and the valleys to north and south of these hill masses.

b. 36th Div. reinf by 1st Special Service Force and 56th British

Div. attacks Mt. CAMINO and Mt. DEFENSA hill mass.

- (1) British 56th Div. attacks Mt. CAMINO and slopes to the SW.
- 1st Special Service Force attacks Mt. DEFENSA (HILL 960) during darkness the night of D-1 so as to have possession of HILL 960 by daylight D-day. It will then capture HILL 907, occupying and defending both positions.

(3) British 56th Div. will relieve 36th Div. when it has seized

its objective.

- (4) See Field Order No. 9, He 142 R.O.T., attached, for 36th Div. plan of main effort.
- 2. This Bn. will support the main effort by fire from positions as shown on operations overlay No. 22 attached.
- 3. a. "A" Co from positions as shown on operations overlay No. 22 will fire direct concentrations and fires on a phase-line time schedule as shown on operations overlay No. 19 attached.

b. "B" Co from positions as shown on operations overlay No. 22 attached will fire direct concentrations and fires on a phase-line time

schedule as shown on operations overlay No. 20 attached.

o. "O" Co from positions as shown on operations overlay No. 22 will fire direct concentrations and fires on a phase-line time schedule as

shown on oper tions overlay No. 21 attached.

x. Call fires from officer observers with let, 2nd and 3rd Bns. of 142nd ROT will have priority on scheduled fires. OPs will be set up by these observers on the securing of objectives by the Bns. to which they are attache. All scheduled fires are subject to delay or speed-up on order.

#### 4. SUPPLY:

a. Three (3) days Class I supplies in hands of companies.

All wehicles to be completely filled with fuel and oil prior to D-day.

- c. All vehicles to be completely supplied with amminition and extra 5 Inch ammunition to be placed on ground in each platoon area on night of D-1.
- d. Evacuation of wounded to Aid Station located in building on Hwy. **#**6 (992-113).
- e. Evacuation of disabled vehicles to be continuous during operation. f. Replenishment of all Classes of supply to be made during hours of dariness during operation.
- 5. All wire into present Bn. CP will be maintained. Companies will carry forward wire to new areas maintaining contact with present Bn. OP. A forward CP OP will be established on the mountain over company positions. at 01.2-12.2. Wire and radio communication will be established to three (3) firing companies from this point and to Rear CP.

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**FYLAND** Commanding

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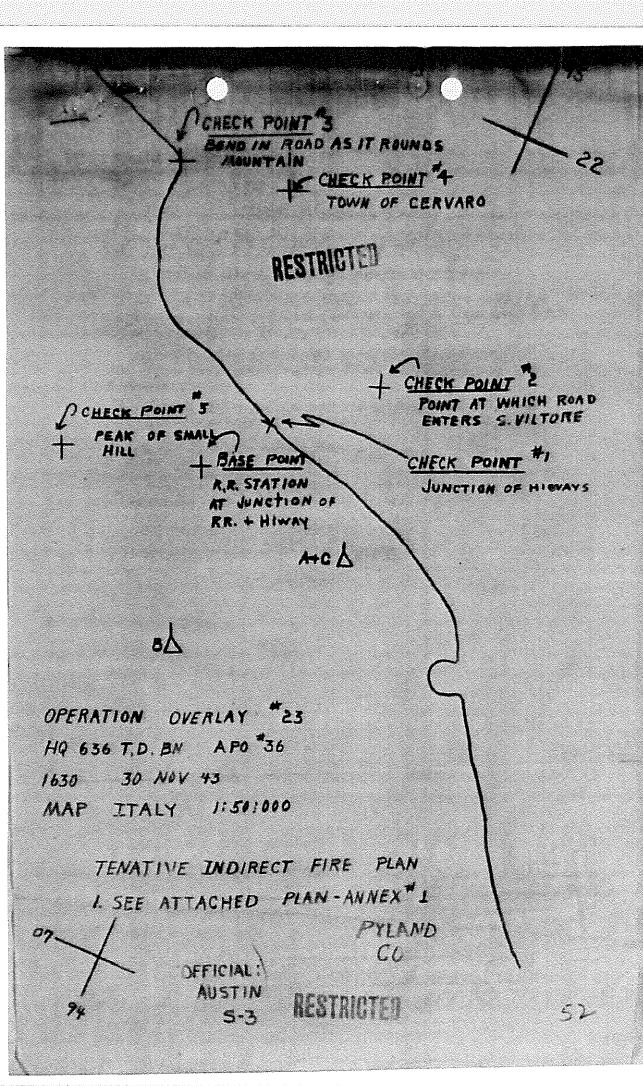
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DISTRIBUTION: 1-03 56th Inf Div 1-36th Div Arty 1-6-3 56th Ing Div 1-00 636 TD BE

1-CO 142 RCT 1-00 A,B,C Co's 1-Bn Surg

1-5a Staff O 1-Journal 1-9110

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The following image(s) may be of poor quality due to the poor quality of the original.

## A.P.O. 36, V. S. Army

1 December 43

LINE WIL.

TO 1 Operations eventés /23.

#### THAT HE YEATHER FIRE PLAN

- 1. Pollowing completion of present operation the fallowing indicates fire plan will go into effect upon order of Re.
  - 2. In Same Paint as choun: All glateons to register.
- 3. If thee point counct to fired on the to minimum elegation. Then register company on a check point, beginning on check point So. 1. If that one cannot be fired on, then check point No. 2
- 4. Check points as shown will be adjusted on by one plates per to. Check points to be adjusted on when tempote of opportunity are not associable.
- 5. Adjusted data on base point for all plateens and data for one plateens an eleck points to be reported to in as soon as passible.
- 6. All firings on points, that our be identified on a map, such as evers reads, towns, distinctive termin features, large buildings, pailwoods will be reported to Ru. giving adjusted base defination and range, and coordinates of that points. Firings on points that can not be definitely identified on the map will not be reported.
- 7. Then this plan goes into offset company "A" and "6" will different blick on O? on Ht 1980 if that mountain is in our passection. If it is not off a will be exhibited on Ht MAGNER.
- 4. Company "P" will cutokileh en OP on Mt MACCING en come en possible.

CONTROLL.

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ALTERNATION OF

#### A LATTES 6360 TANK DESERVE BY A.F.O. 36, L. S. Army

7 December 43

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Ti. 42

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Als: Pany 1:50,000 Sheets 161 TII - 160 II.

degrees forces continue to occupy 'the Salate, is stated and 1. A GOTTON

). The 143rd Inf begins attack at - or 2 Dec 43 to earture S. I The and t. MANUFICO.

The lat Motoriged Brigada (Italian) at 1-5 or 8 Dec 43 attacks and on tures Mt. 1 MGO.

2. Rission of this lattelien is as follows:

L Support attack of 143rd Inf from suitable positions.

stepist beigefol tal to trougue in empirers of lat Beterised brigade (Italiam) on sell.

To ared to cover tank an grossing from the west as the attack term formerd.

3. A. Gur may 141

i. Diri clatoon will nove during dericesh dec 7 = 6 to cosit-land at a sym to be prepared to fire direct late a. I The to cover services to lard inf. This platoon on the alert for any tark comment a more thank the I ame.

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for our lation of senduled fires the company will be repaired to fire or tempsts of occurrently and mass fires in arm as now in erations were 24.

g. Gerany "F

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. These ecoemtrations to be fired from wit to , " Des &" Tobis of fire two (2) ids her gus her minute.

To company to se prepared to give direct or out to let Italian krimide on call.

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. Jan 2, 3 + 3, 3 + 4 dearing day ig t 7 Jan 45.
. Jan 2, 1 + 3, 3 + 4 dearing day ig t 7 Jan 45.

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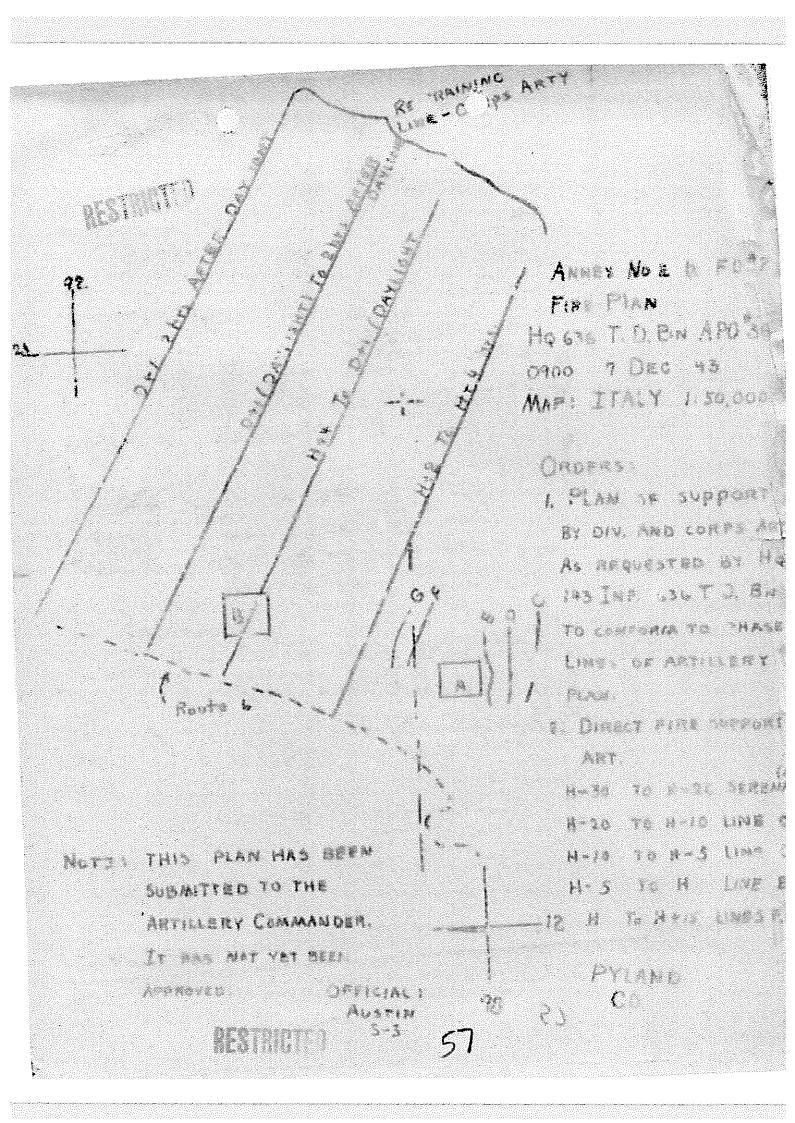
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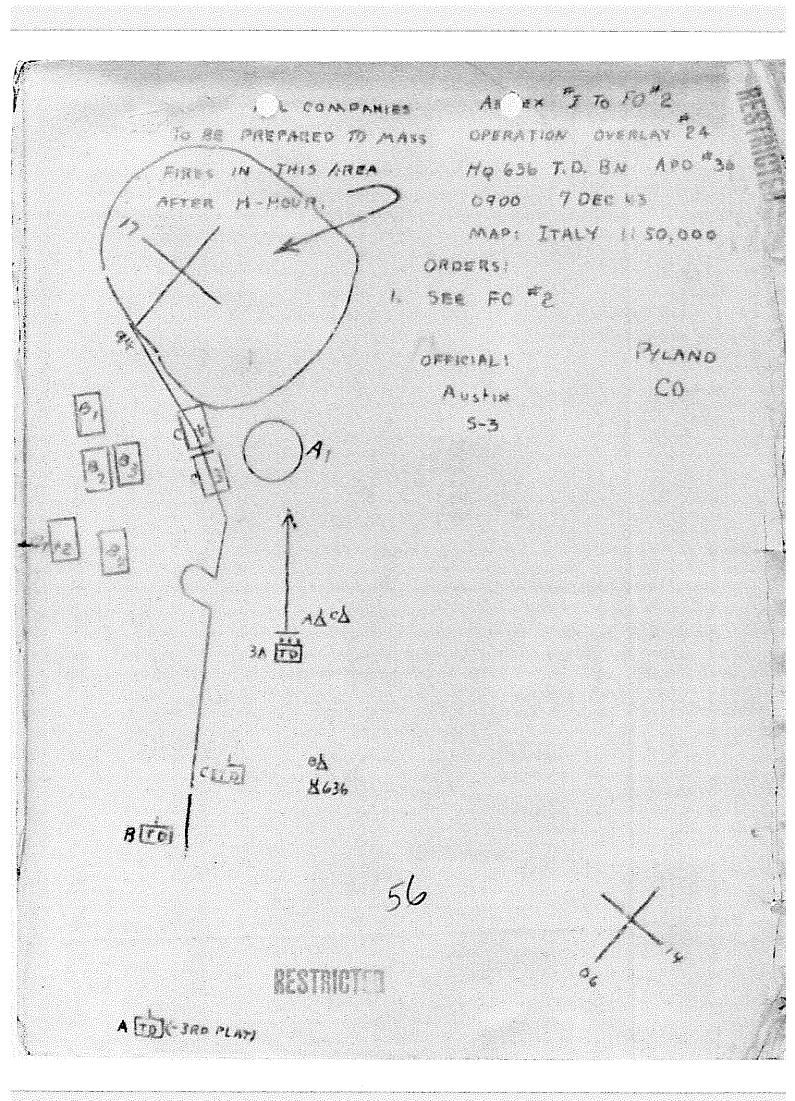
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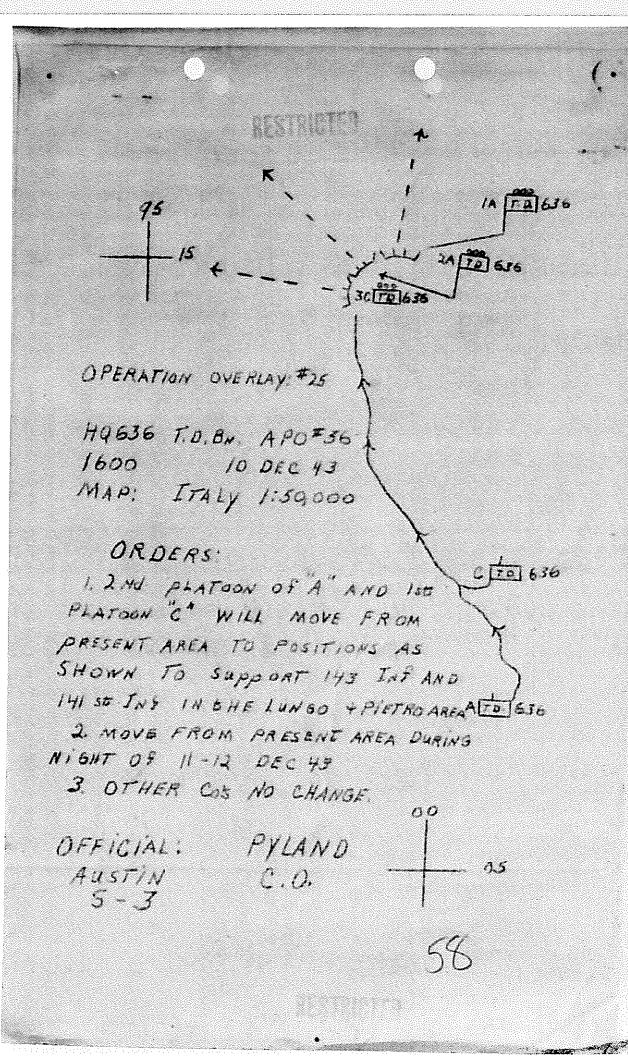
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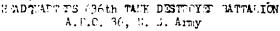
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14 December 43

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LA(S: ITALY 1:50,000 Sheets 160 II - 161 III.

- 1. a. German forces continue to occupy the Mt. LUNGO S. PIETRO area.
  - b. The 36th Infartry Division attacks on 15 and 16 December to capture Mt. LUNGO, S. PIETPO, S. VITTOFE and the high ground N & E of S. VITTORE.
  - c. By progressive movement during the 13 and 14 December the 36th Infantry Division expects to hold hill 729 (960-180), Hill 687 (967-187) and hill 954 (996-204) by daylight of 15 December.
  - d. 1st Mtzd 3gde (Italian) stracks after daylight morning of 16 Decon Division order to capture, and hold Hill 343, and to mop up slopes of Mt. LUIGO east of 96 coordinate line.
- 2. a. Mission of Battalion:
  - 5. Gums now in position near CCTLINA MONTSDELLO priority of support to attack of Co MAN 753 Tank Battalian by direct fire on located targets in the S. FINTRO area and the high ground N & E thereof. Thereafter general support of the attacks of the 141 and 143 Infantry Regiments.
  - g. Balance of Battalion preval support of attack by 143 Inf, 141 Inf, and So "A" 753 Tank Battalion by fire on targets North of Hwy "6 and Test of J. ISTO.
  - d. Elements of Battalion prepared to displace to firing positions along Hay #6 Forth of Mt. MUNGO on Division order.
- 3. g. Com any "A" (3rd platoon of Go "G" attached):
  - (1) Co "A" (less 3rd platorn) with 3rd platoon Co "G" attached, will fire direct missions in purport of the attack of Co "A", 753 Tank Pattalion, on D. .ITMC. Fire will be placed on all houses along the road east of S. ITMC as far east as a North South line through grid line 98.3. The company will begin firing on there in was and other suspected or possible enemy mositions at H-hour.

On "A", 753 Tank Battalian, will cross IP (Poad curve at (199-150) at Hebour and advance as rapidly as possible along road to 3. (INT). Thus of So "A" 636 TD Bn will be controlled to conform to the advance of the Tanks.

1/1st Infantry will erose to a line of departure (Greak north of Mt. FCTHIDC)(971-147) to (980-153) at M-hour to advance and saize 3. IIII.

limes of 3c "A", 676 TD 3m, will be controlled to conform to the movement of LATON Infinit Winn this Regiment reaches 3. ISPNO fires quat be lifted from that area.

(1) The 3rd Clateen So "A" from ist present obsitions will be present to fire indirect missions in the 3. PUTCO area on call from the belief indirect.

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#### Commany "3"

(1) - Go "B" from present positions will register all platcons with closed sheaf on S. PIETRO and at a noint or the road dast of 5. PIERB where the grid line 98.3 crosses the road during daylight of 14 Dec 43. After this the company is to be prepared to fire indirect missions in the S. PIETPC -S. VITTORE area on cell from the Battalion OP.

Co "B" observers will have radio communication with Bm OP. No fires by company observers until released by En OP.

#### c. Company \*B# (less 3rd platoon)

(1) Co "G" from its present positions will check registration on base point (Foad junction) at (957-153). The Company will be prepared to fire a concentrations (Con #1) in an area in which the base point is the contor of a 400 yard sowers. Eate of fire two (2) rounds der gum per minute.for the first 10 minutes and then one (1) round pur gum per minute for the nest 10 minutes.

Also be prepared to fire concentration (Con #2) with the point (940-172) as the center of a 400 yord sowere. Este of fire one (1) round er gum per minute for ten (19) minutes. These to be fired on call from Bn OP.

After completion of concertrations the Company will be premared to fire on targets of opportunity within its zone.

- (2) At any time after H-hour the commany (less 3rd platoon) will be prepared to move on Division order to firing positions North of Mt. LUNGO along MM #6 to support Mis attack of Co "O" 753 Tank Bathalion on S. VITTOPE.
- rovisional NG Sattery (Cal. .50)
  (1) Cal. .50 Mac Log goes of Company "A", 3, 0, Pon and Ranger Matoon will be emplaced forward of Do "A" in positions to a cover the S. SISTED area.
  - (2) Deginning at H-hour Machine Gur Bestery will search area 3. TIMBO and east to culvert on 3. FIMEG road at (982-156). Zone to extend 500 yards North to 3. HIMEC road.
  - (3) Fires will be lifted from the 3. PLATEC area on the 141st Infentry attack approaches 3. IMFO.
- Портивівал за Сепрету
  - (1) John my to be prepared on call to support the advance of Commany "S" into positions Morth of Mt. LUNGO.
- 4. a. No charge in CLASS I sumplies.
  - b. Armirition to be dumped on right of 14 December 43.
  - c. Aid Station, no change.
- Battalion and Company CP's, no charge, 5. <u>a</u>.
  - Company Cols, no change.
  - Battalion CP, no change. <u> 3</u>.
  - 6. All wits to have yellow smoke for air identification.
  - a. Hahour, 1200 hours 15 December 43.

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O TOTAL:

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ANNEX NO. 3	BATTLE CASUALTY REPORT							
	BATTLE CAS	CALLE REFOR	DATE OF	TYPE OF	PLACE OF			
	GRADE	ASN	CASUALTY	CASUALTY	RESIDENCE			
HEADQUARTERS PYLAND, VAN W.	Lt Col	0-236089	17 Dec 43	LWA	2104 Trice Ave			
•	20 001	0-250007	11 200 40	2144	Waco, Texas			
HEADQUARTERS COMPANY WALTER, WILLIAM F.	2nd Lt	0-1824256	17 Dec 43	LWA	2609 Hackney St			
HASTEN, LEO L.	Techn 4th	36024854	19 Dec 43	LWA	Pittsburgh, Penn Webster, Ill.			
HOFFPAUIR, ALBERT N.	Pvt	38173404	4 Dec 43	LWA	R #1 Box 27 Crowley, La			
MEDICAL DETACHMENT	<b>D</b> 4	2007/00/0	2.5.72	T THE	• •			
MILLER, WILLIAM F.	Pvt	37147168	3 Dec 43	LWA	Gen Del Mheatland, Wyo.			
RECONNAISSANCE COMPAN CARLE, ROBERT L.	<u>Y</u> Pvt	20815861	7 Dec 43	LWA	2205 Clower St			
•			·		San Antonio, Texas			
WILSON, CHAPLES D.	Stf Sgt	20815901	22 Dec 43	L77A	1026 W. Craig St San Antonio, Texas			
NIXON, STANLEY T.	Pvt 1 ol	37147147	23 Dec 43	KIA	RFD #2			
SALRIN, JOHN E., JR.	P <b>∀t</b>	36554188	23 Dec 43	LWA	Colome, S. Dak 4803 14 th St Detroit, Mich			
COMPANY "A"					pactore, mitch			
PEARSON, ALEC P.	Capt	0 <b>-3942</b> 25	12 Dec 43	LWA	Route 5 Waco, Texas			
LANDERS, PAUL P.	Cpl	38038566	3 Dec 43	LWA	Box 53			
PHILLIPS, WILLIAM H.	Cpl	13087124	3 Dec 43	LWA	Newsome, Texas 133 Wellington Ave			
PARKER, JUDGE O.	Techn 5th	38026133	3 Dec 43	SWA	Washington, Penn 1928 Ave L			
YURKEVICZ, ROMAN (NMN	)Techn 5th	31125952	3 Dec 43	SHA	Huntsville, Texas Garage Road			
SWEIT, GILBERT L.	Pvt 1 cl	37146913	3 Dec 43	KIA	Sunderland, Mass Endicott, Nebr			
BROUSSARD, ERNIE T.	Sgt	20816997	12 Dec 43	LWA	1402 Park Ave			
COMPANY "B"	•		•		Curville, Texas			
SHELTON, GRADY E.	Sgt	20813190	15 Dec 43	LWA	Winters, Texas			
DICKEY, H.O. (I.O.)	Cpl	38036608	15 Dec 43	LWA	RFD #1			
BAILEY, FLISHA E.	Pvt	37146001	15 Dec 43	LIA	Kosse, Texas RFD #1			
heininger, joseph e.	Pvt	33142484	23 Dec 43	LWA	Schuyler, Nebr 2305 Clearfield St			
		-1-			Philadelphia, Penn			

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	GRADE	ASN	DATE OF CASUALTY	TYPE OF CASUALTY	PLACE OF RESIDENCE
COMPANY "B" (Cont'd) SILKOWITZ, MORTON (NMN)	Techn 5th	32394805	23 Dec 43	SWA	1878 58th St. Brooklyn, N.Y.
THROCKMORTON, WILSON E.	Techn 5th	37147161	23 Dec 43	KIA	Wheatland, Wyo.
COMPANY "C"					
TULLOS, JOHN G.	Pvt 1 cl	20813730	3 Dec 43	SWA	Gen Del
MOBILIO, RALPH J.	P <b>vt</b>	36422865	3 Dec 43	SWA	Decatur, Texas 322 E. Stuart Ave
CORDISCO, NICHOLAS (NAN)	Pvt	33320521	3 Dec 43	LWA	Flint, Mich. 1021 Chestnut St
BOYSA, ALPHONSE J.	2nd Lt	0-1301601	14 Dec 43	SWA	Bristol, Penn. 465 Georgia Ave
JORDAN, JOSEPH H.	Cp <b>1</b>	37163668	14 Dec 43	SWA	Brooklyn, N.Y. Route #2
WELLBORN, JACK T.	Cpl	38035985	14 Dec 43	SWA	Wayzata, Minn. RFD #4, Box 325
KING, ERNEST F.	Techn 5th	33348697	14 Dec 43	LWA	Fort Worth, Texas Center St
SEWELL, JAMES E.	Techn 5th	20802556	15 Dec 43	LIA	Shavertown, Penn. Route #1
RAMEY, ROB R.	Sgt	38039654	17 Dec 43	LWA	Dale, Texas Taft, Texas
ANTOLIK, EMIL J.	₽vt	33348166	21 Dec 43	LWA	435 Wilbur St Scranton, Penn.

ANNEX NO. 3.

PERSONNEL BATTLE CASUALTY REPORT

	OFFICERS			EN				
	Killed	<b>Wounded</b>	AIM	Captured	Killed	<b>Nounded</b>	AIM	Captured
Dec 3	0	0	0	0	1	8	0	0
Dec 4	0	o	0	0	0	1	0	0
Dec 7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Dec 12	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Dec 14	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0
Dec 15	0	o	0	0	0	4	0	0
Dec 17	0	2	O'	0	0	1	0	o
Dec 19	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Dec 21	0	o	0	0	0	1	0	0
Dec 22	0	o	0	0	0	1	0	0
Dec 23	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
TOTAL	0	4	0	0	3	25	0	0

ANNEX NO. 4

#### VEHICLE CASUALTY REPORT

- 1 Helftrack destroyed 2 Dec 1943 by enemy artillery fire
- 1 One quarter ton destroyed 2 Dec 1943 by enemy artillery fire
- 1 One quarter ton damaged 2 Dec 1943 by enemy artillery fire
- 1 M-10 damaged 12 Dec 1943 by enemy mine
- 1 One quarter ton damaged 14 Dec 1943 by bomb fragments
- 1 M-10 damaged 19 Dec 1943 by mine
- 1 One quarter ton damaged 22 Dec 1943 by enemy artillery fire

All the above destroyed vehicles have been replaced by ordnance and those damaged have been repaired by our Battalion Motor Shop and are back in service.

ANNEX NO. 4

ANNEX NO. 5

#### ENEMY CASUALTY REFORT

- Par. 1. Total expenditure of 3" ammunition during period was 15,374 rounds H.E. and 800 rounds AP.

  Total expenditure of .50 cal. ammunition during period was 1400 rounds.
- Par. 2. Estimated enemy personnel killed: Due to the nature of operation of this unit during this period no accurate account of enemy killed can be accounted for.
- Par. 3. Damage to enemy material: Due to the nature of operation of this unit during this period no accurate account of enemy material damaged or destroyed can be accounted for.

ANNEX NO. 5

HADQATING 636th MAIN LLD TREET A NAME Office of the Battalion Research

ArC MA, t. S. Army 9 February 1944

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Incords

TO : Commanding General, 36th Infactor Division, ARC 35, 1. 3. Army

1. Pursuant to instructions contained in last er, Allind Force Headquarters, dated 20 April 1943, file AG 514.7/969 C-M, Subject: Historical Records and Historics of Organizations, bransmit and horseit. Operations in Italy, January 1944 of this attalion.

#### 2. Corclasions:

a. A 3 inch self-probabled gun Tank Destroyer 36 in sur ord of a river crossing presents an interesting study in employment. First the thirty-two ton vehicle must wait for the arear deforce bridge or Bailey to be constructed, so the pre-crossing employment of the T.D. will be considered. The high velocity, possibility accurate 3 inch gon is ideally suited to smash pill boxes, enemy emplocements, and knock down houses nour the crossing i which enemy snipers and machine gunners lurk. Contrary to popular belief the guns are most of ective when sited i close-up it direct positions with clash defilade and with minimum elevation sufficient to engage close in targets. All thirty-six guns of the battalion must be carefully registered on a common base point, and several check woints in the target area. Forward observers placed well to wit the Infantry outposts along the river in the zone of the supported unit oring the massed fire of the Battalion to bear on targets of opportunity and or located energy strong points. These observers can also bring fire to bear o any enemy armor which may be used in the initial stages of the crossing.

> Van W. Ogland VAN J. 1YLAND Lt Colonel, Infantry Commanding

1 Incl:
Narrative of Operations for the month
of January 1944, with attached annexes

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### HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROY TR BATTALION APO 464, U. S. Army

7 February 1944

#### OPERATIONS IN ITALY, JANUARY 1944

The first fourteen days of January 1944 were spent in a rear area, in the vicinity of Piedmonte D'Alife (289040), where the Battalion reorganized in accordance with the new Table of Organization, and underwent a short training period with the new organization. On January 14th, the Battalion Commander received a warning order to move the Battalion to an assemble area between Mount Lungo and Mount Forchia, from which it could support the 36th Division in an operation against the German line across the Rapido Piver, near 3. Angelo.

The Battalion Commander took the staff forward on January 14th to reconnoiter an assembly area. Upon completion of the reconnaissance the Company Commanders were ordered to report to the Battalion CF the following morning prepared to go on an all day reconnaissance with the staff to select assembly areas.

The following two days, 15th and 16th January, were spent in the reconnaissance and preparation of the assembly area which had been selected. The 17th and 18th of January were spent in moving into the assembly area. The positions selected were as follows:

Battalion CP	(978145)
Reconnaissance Company	(973148)
Company "A"	(940157)
Company "3"	(93 <b>5</b> 154)
Company "C"	(930154)

At 1400 hours on the 18th of January, the Battalion Commander held a meeting of the Staff and Company Commanders to orient them on the present situation. Information was exchanged which had been obtained from the various reconnaissances, which had been conducted during the day. At the conclusion of the meeting, Staff members guided Company Commanders to forward areas which they would most likely occupy to support the planted attack. After super that night another Staff Conference was held to complete plans which the Battalion would follow. A message was sent to



the Company Commanders directing them to report to the Battalion CP the following morning.

At 0800 hours, 19 January, the Staff and Company Commanders assembled and the Battalion Commander issued orders which resulted in the movement of the Companies to their combat positions from their assembly areas. The Battalion Commander also directed that Reconnaissance Company supply two officers to maintain Liaison with the two assaulting Infantry Battalions of the 141st. The Company Commanders were also informed that the Battalion mission was to support the 141st Infantry in the assault on the Rapido River defenses.

The Destroyer Companies moved to indirect firing positions in the vicinity of (901164) during the night 19-20 January beginning the movement at 1700 hours and completing the movement prior to daylight. The following day the Pattalion Commander selected direct fire positions for Company 3 and the light tanks of Reconnaissance Company on La Pieta Will in order to give direct support to the 141st Regimental Combat Team in its Rapido River crossing operation. Lt Colonel Pyland ther ordered the Pioneer Platoon to clear a mine field located on the right side of the hill on which Company B was to place part of its guns. Four men of the Pioneer Platoon were wounded in clearing this mine field by antipersonnel mines.

During the morning of this same day the Battalion Commander selected a forward CP at a house just in the rear of La Pieta Hill and located an OP on this hill. Another CP was located on Mount Trocchio and manned by observers from Commanies A and C. Company B manned and operated an OP on a small fill near the boundary between the assaulting Regimental Combat Teams and near the Rapido River.

Liaison Officers were sent to the Regimental Headquarters and to each of the assaulting Dattalions of the 141st Infantry. Visibility was poor all day, but the Companies in indirect fire positions succeeded in registering on a bare point on the north edge of S. Angelo. The Division Field Order was received at 1109, and it was found that one Destroyer Company was to follow the Infantry across the River at a point north of S. Angelo as soon as a Bailey bridge was completed. Reconnaissance was immediately made to check the route and ground to see if it would be possible for the Destroyers to use it. This reconnaissance was rade by Captain Kinnison, the Battalion S-2. Company A was ordered to be prepared to make the crossing as soon as the bridge was completed, preceded the cix light tables of occumaissance Company. Captain Fearson of Company A, with Lt Talvar of occumaissance Company, who was to lead the light

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tanks, went forward to make a reconnaissance of the route to be used.

At 1930 hours, the Battalion began its preparatory fire with the Companies that were in indirect fire positions and 2030 hours, the preparatory fires were completed. As the assault progressed, our Liaison Officers kept the optialion Commander posted on the situation and called for fire on suitable targets.

On the morning of Jan 21st, it was found that the Bailey bridge had not been constructed, so Company A remained in its indirect fire positions. At 0715 hours, Company C reported a direct hit on one of its destroyers, killing one man and disabling the destroyer.

Constant contact was maintained with the assaulting Regiment through our Liaison Officers in order that close support might be given. As soon as it was learned that our troops had gained only a small foothold across the River, Companies A and C fired missions on S. Angelo and areas beyond S. Angelo.

At 1100 hours, 1st Lt John C. Campbell, 0-1168196, our Liaison Officer to the 1st Battalion, 1/1st Infantry called and stated that the 2nd Battalion was soing to attack, and as there was no Liaison Officer from our Battalion with it, requested that he be permitted to report to the 2nd Battalion. The Battalion Commander gave his consent and Lt Campbell reported to the Battalion Commander, 2nd Battalion, 141st Infantry.

At 1130 hours, a message was received stating that the attack was to be resumed at 1400 hours. The Company Commanders were called in and given the new situation by the Battalion Commander. The Battalion Commander directed that Companies A and C continue to lay harassing fire on the enemy positions beyond the area held by our troops at the bridge site. Due to the smoke and haze it was impossible to observe the fires.

During the conference word was received that an allied force had landed south of Rome. Int 1306 hours word was received that the attack would not be launched until 1500 hours and the Companies were immediately notified of the change. At 1/30 hours, word was received that the hour of the attack had been changed to 2200 hours and the Companies were notified.

During the early part of the evening it appeared that the crossing was proceeding according to plan and one Platoon of Company A moved into position in the vicinity of (893168), prepared to follow the Infantry as soon as the bridge was constructed. A considerable amount of enemy



artillery fell in the Destroyer Commanies! resitions during the minic, but no damage was done, and counter-battery fire was plant on Transcript positions by Company C.

By 0640 hours, 22 January, most of the End and 3rd Tattalions - 1 of 141st had crossed the Tapido, but the Engineers were having difficulty in constructing the bridge due to mines and heavy artillery and marter finer, but reported they expected to have the bridge constructed by room. At 0735 hours, it was learned that the 141st Infantry was being held up by very heavy enemy morban and machine pur fire. Heavy enemy artillery and Mebelwerfer fire and falling at the site where the bridge was under construction. Convent 0, which was still in indirect fire positions delivered fire on Mebelwerfer positions. Leter in the morning, fire was also delivered on S. Annelo and other targets in that vicinity. The 141st Infantry requested that we continue to fire on the Nebelwerfer positions to keep them silent. Prior to daylight heavy artillery (170 mm) had fallen in the Pattalion Service Echelon area and the Battalion Commander directed the Executive Officer and the Adjutant to select a new area for it.

At 1027 hours, a report was received that 1st Lt John C. Campbell, 0-1168196, Liaison to the 2nd Battalion, 1/1st Infantry, was killed at 1000 hours by an enemy mortar shell. The Sergeant assisting Lt Campbell on his mission reported that Lt Campbell had left his foxhole to telephone a report to Lt Colonel Filand, the Battalion Commander, and that the shell exploded just to the front of Lt Campbell, as he telephoned.

At 1055 hours, Division Artillery requested that we keep two juns firing on the Mebelwarfer which we had located, as it remained inactive as long as we placed fire on it.

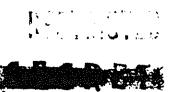
Enemy artiller; fire on the entire area was quite heavy making it verydifficult for wire communications to be maintained. It was necessary for wire crews to work on the lines almost constantly.

Since it was found that the bridge would not be completed during the day Company A was moved back into indirect fire positions in order to support the operation with its fire.

The Commanding Officer, L/Ist Infantry called during the afternoon of 22 January and reported that the Battalion's fire was very helpful and seemed to be highly effective. The Battalion Commander assured the Commanding Officer, L/Ist Infantry, that we would continue to fire on every target that appeared and on those reported to us by the Infantry.

Late in the afternoon the Service Echelon was moved to a new location closing in the new area (933156) at 1615 hours.





At 1655 hours, Company B reported that another man had been injured by shell fragments from a concentration that had just fallen in its area.

Throughout the morning of 23 Jan, Companies A and C fired on targets opposite the sector of the 141st Infantry and also fired several counterbattery missions on enemy Nebelwerfers and artillery positions. At 1146 hours, we received information from the 141st Infantry that a demonstration would be staged during the night and that our destroyers would participate.

At 1500 hours, our Idaison Officer, with the 36th Division visited the CP with information concerning the demonstration which was planned. The Battalion Commander received permission to move the Company B destroyers, which were in direct fire position to indirect fire positions in the vicinity of Commanies A and C, in order that their fire might be better used to support the Infantry. At 2200 hours, the Battalion participated in a Division demonstration, firing 288 rounds of 3-inch HE on targets assigned by the Division Artillery. At 2340 hours, information was received from the 36th Division that there would be no smoking of the valley the following day. Smoke had been so heavy during the last few days that it was impossible for the Artillery observers to adjust fire on the enemy.

Orders were received on 24 January to participate in another demonstration that was planned for that evening. The Battalion Commander ordered Reconnaissance Company to move forward to take part in the demonstration and plans were made to use .30 cal. and .50 cal. machine guns, and light tanks in the demonstration. One platoon of Company B was also ordered to move back into direct fire positions to assist in the demonstration

The Battalion continued to fire harassing missions and also observed fire on selected targets across the Rapido all during the day.

The Division Artillery gave the rate and time of fire to be used during the demonstration. Just at dusk, the light tanks and machine gun crews of the Reconnaissance Company moved to the forward slope of La Pieta to take up positions for the demonstration that night. The .30 cal. and .50 cal. machine guns were emplaced about 100 yards in front of the light tanks. One Platoon of Company B with its .50 cal. machine guns also took position on La Pieta, prepared to fire during the demonstration. The remainder of the Battalion fired indirect fire missions.

The machine guns participating were ordered to carefully dig in their positions as it was anticipated that heavy mortar and artillery fire would fall on these forward positions as soon as they began firing. The

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demonstration was staged at three different hours during the night and the light tanks, machine guns, and destroyers on La Pieta received considerable counter-battery fire. After firing the last demonstration, about 20 minutes was allowed for the machine gun barrels to cool and the counter-battery fire to lift. The tanks, destroyers and machine guns were then withdrawn to their regular positions just prior to daylight.

At 0842 hours, Division Artillery alerted the Battalion to be prepared to meet any counter-attack which might be launched against our positions down Highway #6 or up from the Junction of the Papido and Carigliano Rivers.

The Battalion Commander received word that the Division was going on the defensive and that the Battalion was to support the 143rd Infantry. A direct telephone line was laid to the 143rd Infantry and defensive fires were planned for this work. It was not necessary to move any of the Companies as the entire 143rd Infantry sector could be easily covered from the positions the Companies occupied. Our Liaison Officer to the 141st Infantry was instructed to report to the 143rd Infantry.

For the first time in several days the weather was clear, and the visibility was good on the morning of 26 January. Our forward observers were alerted to be especially watchful for any targets that might appear opposite our sector. All organizations were cautioned to be particularly careful about camouflage discipline.

The 141st Infantry located a cave in the vicinity of (858141) where enemy activity was noticed and requested fire to be placed on it. The target was adjusted on by our forward observer and no further activity was seen near it.

About noon, the Company C area was heavily shelled by the enemy with 150mm and larger shells, and some extra ammunition was set on fire. It was necessary to move some of the Destroyers to save them from burning. As counter-battery continued to fall in the Battalion area, the Battalion Commander requested that smoke be laid to obscure the enemy observation.

During one of the enemy counter-batteries in the Company 3 area, a shell fragment knocked the sight mount from one of the Destroyers.

The Battalion continued to fire on Nebelwerfer positions and other enemy targets throughout the day. Several Nebelwerfers were silenced by this fire.

The Battalion was directed to participate in the Division demonstration

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that was to be staged during the night. Enemy dispositions were taken under fire during the demonstration. Due to the restriction on amunition, it was not possible to fire as many rounds on harassing and other missions as requested by Division Artillery.

At 1900 hours, enemy track vehicles were reported in S. Angelo by Division Artillery and harassing fires were placed in this area. The 143rd Infantry reported this fire was effective. At 2005 hours, the 143rd Infantry reported vehicles on the road south of S. Angelo and harassing fire was placed in that area.

At 0050 hours, 27 January, word was received from Division Headquarters that the remaining demonstration fires had been postponed until 0600 hours and our destroyer companies were notified accordingly. 143rd Infantry called at 0815 hours and reported that no enemy activity was observed opposite that sector during the night and the Division Artillery requested that our CP's check the area around S. Angelo carefully for evidence of damage caused by the firing on the previous night. Throughout the day the enemy installations opposite our sector of the River were systematically shelled and all suspicious buildings were fired on. An enemy machine gum and mortar position was located by a 143rd Infantry observer and Company C took it under fire. The Infantry observers reported the enemy installation destroyed. One of our observers located an enemy pillbox at (859148) and Company C layed on it. Several HE shells with delay fuse made direct hits but apparently had no effect, so AFC shells were used and excellent effect was observed. The pillbox was penetrated and ammunition or other explosives inside the pillbox were ignited causing a large explosion completely demolishing the installation. The S-2 of the 143rd Infantry requested information regarding the type of ammunition used in destroying the pillbox and this information was supplied.

The Division planned another demonstration during the night and requested that our Sattalion participate in it. The hours and rate of fire were given to the Destroyer Companies as well as targets to be fired on. On 28 January, the Battalion was requested to support the 34th Division with fire and this was co-ordinated with the 36th Division Artillery. All guns were checked to determine what fire could be placed in the 34th Division sector.

During the morning, enemy Nebelwerfer fire fell in the Battalion area



and shell reports were turned in on it. The Battalion did some firing in the 34th Division area and continued to cover known and observed targets opposite our sector. By noon the visibility become poor and it was difficult to determine the results of our fire. Inother enemy pillbox was located and Company 2 fired on it until smoke became neuring from the door indicating that accumition or equipment inside had been set on fire. The energy evidently began speking the valley to observe our observation.

At 1430 hours, the enemy fire on our destroyer positions because very heavy and it was estimated that around 300 rounds fell in the three contemp positions during the afternoon. A direct hit on the house in which the Company A CP was located destroyed it and slightly injured the Company Commander, Captain Aloc F. Pearson and his Executive Officer, lst It Robert E. Graban. An enlisted man of the Company CP, Tec 5 Form D. Behr, was slightly injured. In the Company C area, a white phosphoreus shell ignited two expouflage nots. Shell reports were turned in an initial shelling and it was some that the largest shells that had been used or our positions held in this concentration, as there were about 40 similar in the Company was a which such craters six feet does and treaty-form feet in disable to the large by one unexploded shell recommend that in the Division. It Coloured I; land, the Battalion Commander had these accounterments verified.

At a conference with the Staff during the evening, the Battalion Commander directed that alternate positions be located the following morning so that the Destroyer Companies could be moved as it was evident that their positions had been located by the enemy and that their were well registered on them.

The Sattalion Command Post received some shell fire during the afternoon and the Headquarters Company Mess Sergeant and one cook we we lightly wounded.

On the morning of 25 January, the Battalion Commander, with the Company Commanders of the Destroyer Companies and memors of the Battalion a reconnaissance for alternate positions for the destroyer Companies. After checking the area, the attalion Commander directed that Companies. A move to a new location at (923146) and that Companies hand C shift field positions one or two hundred yards and disperse more, but remain in the same general area that they had occupied previously. All these changes were made during the day and all Flatoons re-registered on the base point. Only a few destroyers were moved at a time and the Battalion continue is to fire on targets which appeared opposite the Division sector and those

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called in by the Infantry and Artillery. All the areas received some , enemy shelling during the day and night but no heavy concentrations fell in the new areas such as those which were received during the previous day.

From about 0100 to 0130 hours and from 0501 to 0530 hours, heavy artillery shells estimated to be 170mm or larger fell near the Battalion CP. The craters indicated that the fire was coming from two different positions, one opposite the 34th Division sector and one opposite the 36th Division sector. There were no casualties from this fire. The Executive Officer made a shelling report giving all the facts that could be obtained to assist in locating the long range guns, which were doing this shelling.

Visibility was moor during the day but it was possible to engage several targets. In harassing missions were assigned by the Division Artillery.

The Battalion Commander attended a conference with the Division Commander. Upon returning, held a meeting with the Staff and Company Commanders. The Battalion Commander explained the situation and gave the plan of a proposed attack on S. Angelo. The attack was only to be made if the 34th Division was successful in making a break through.

All Companies were alerted to take part in the attack if it materialized and were assigned missions to fire on the town and the vicinity just back of the town to cover the advance of the Infantry.

The Battalian Commander attended a conference at the Division Artillery to learn just what fires were expected from this Battalian and found that the firing would take place as a demonstration whether an attack was actually launched or not. Upon returning to the Battalian CP, the Company Commanders were given complete information about the firing for the night and the missions were carried out as scheduled. As the break through was not effected, the Infantry did not make the proposed attack that night.

On 31 January, the Battalion continued to search the enemy rositions across the Rapido River selecting known targets and thoroughly covering them with fire. Late aerial photographs were found to be very helmful in selecting targets and the positions located by the Division Photographic Interpreter were pointed out to our forward observers to assist in selecting targets to be fired on.

Therever section, communications noted by our observers was fired on and in a second instances, excellent offect was observed.

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When no actual targets could be observed, harassing fires were placed on suspected area and roads. Houses opposite our positions were systematically covered by fire as it was found in the S. Pietro operation that the enemy made a practice of occupying them in most instances.

Five houses were reported completely destroyed that were known to be occupied by the enemy and strong points which had been pointed out by the Aerial Photographic Interpreter, were well covered by fire several times during the day. The harassing fires for the night which had been assigned by the Division Artillery were planned by the Bettalion Commander and the Staff assigned these missions to the various commanies.

No replacements were received for the region for which this report is rendered.

Map Reference: 1:50,000.

Attached Annexes:

- 1. Copy of Unit Journal
- 2. Overlays of lositions
- 3. Personnel Casualties during period
- 4. Interiel destroyed or damaged by enemy action
- 5. Mem Janualties caused by 636th TD En during regiod

For the Battalion Commander:

Seaguri A. Keufor. Captain, Infantry
Unit Historian

CFFICIAL:

REAGN L. DUNCUE Captain, Infantry Adjutant

### HEADQUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTERION APO 464, U. S. Army



18 canuary 44

A. CRET

WARS: ITALY 1:50,000 - Sheets 160 II - 161 III.

- 1. a. Shemy holds RAPIDO GARIGLIANO river line.
  - b. 36th Infantry Division on D-Day will cross RAPIDO river, secure SAN-ANGELO, and establish bridgehead for future operations.
- 2. g. Mission of Sattalion:

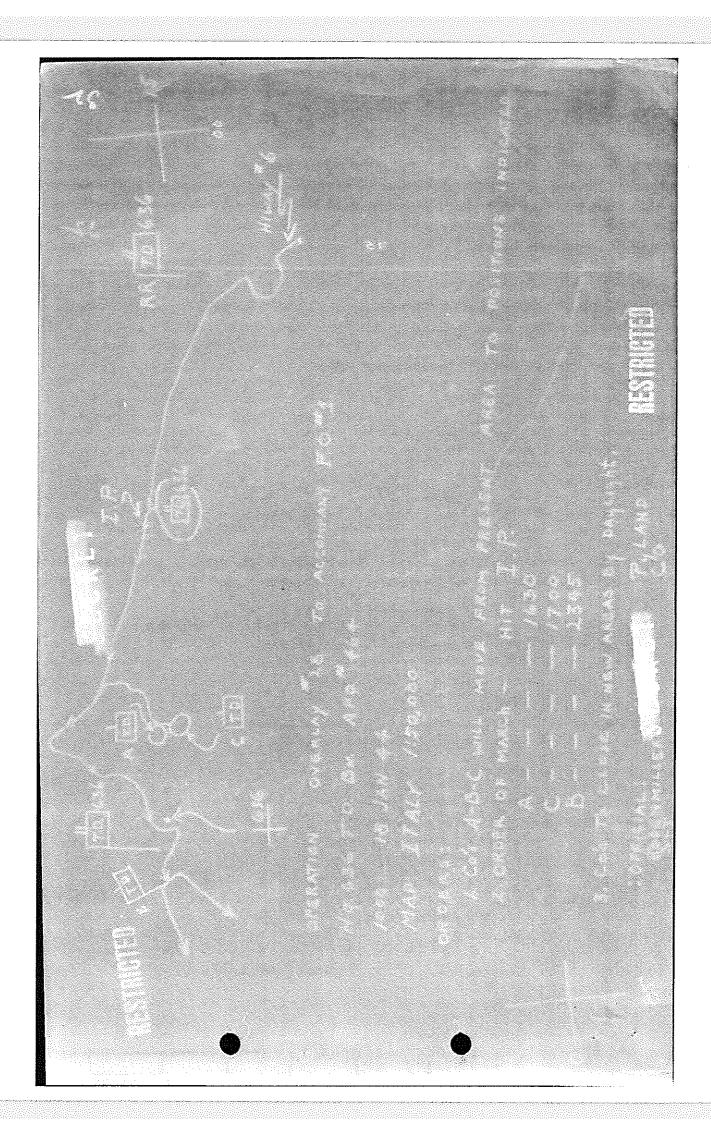
  (1) Occupies firing positions near the E bank of the RAPIDO TIVER N of CHEA MARTER, after 2000 hours 20 January 44, prepared by daylight 21 January 1944 to support the attack by direct fire on definitely located German positions or on tanks attempting to attack the bridgehead; and prepared to execute long range indirect fires in support of the bridgehead after initial objectives are captured.
- 3. a. Company "A" will move from present position to indirect fire position in the vicinity of 882 164 (See Operation Overlay) under cover of darkness 19 January 44. Route (See Operation Overlay attached). "A" Company will register 1 (One) gun per plateon on SAN-ANGELO during day 20 January and be prepared to fire any missions requested by Battalion after registering. CO Company "A" will reconnciter direct fire positions in area Jouth of LA-FIETA, and be prepared to occupy same on Battalion order.
  - b. Jompany "J" will move from present position to indirect fire position in the vicinity of 899 164 (See Operation Overlay attached) under cover of darkness 19 January 44. Route (See Operation Overlay attached). "J" Company will register 1 (One) gon or plateon on JAN-ANGELO during day 20 January and be preputed to fire any missions requested by Battalion after registering.
  - c. Jempany "3" will move from present position to direct fire cuities Southeast of IA-HETA, at 875 165 on Battalion order prior to D-Day, N-Bour. Boute (See attached Overlay). Company "3" will be prepared to support the crossing of the 36th Division as targets of opportunity on the West bank of the RAHIDO river.
  - d. No. Jumpany will furnish 2 (Two) Officers to accompany the last and fird Battalians 141st Infantry as forward observers and liaison officers with those units. Figure Plateon Non Jermany will plear all mines in "B" Company direct fire a sition and routes thereto.
- L. g. Addinistrative orders later.
- 5. g. En CP (See Operation Sverlage).
  - b. 3. 3. (See Operation Overlay).
  - g. Je CD's in company area...
  - d. Aid Station (see Operation Cverlay).

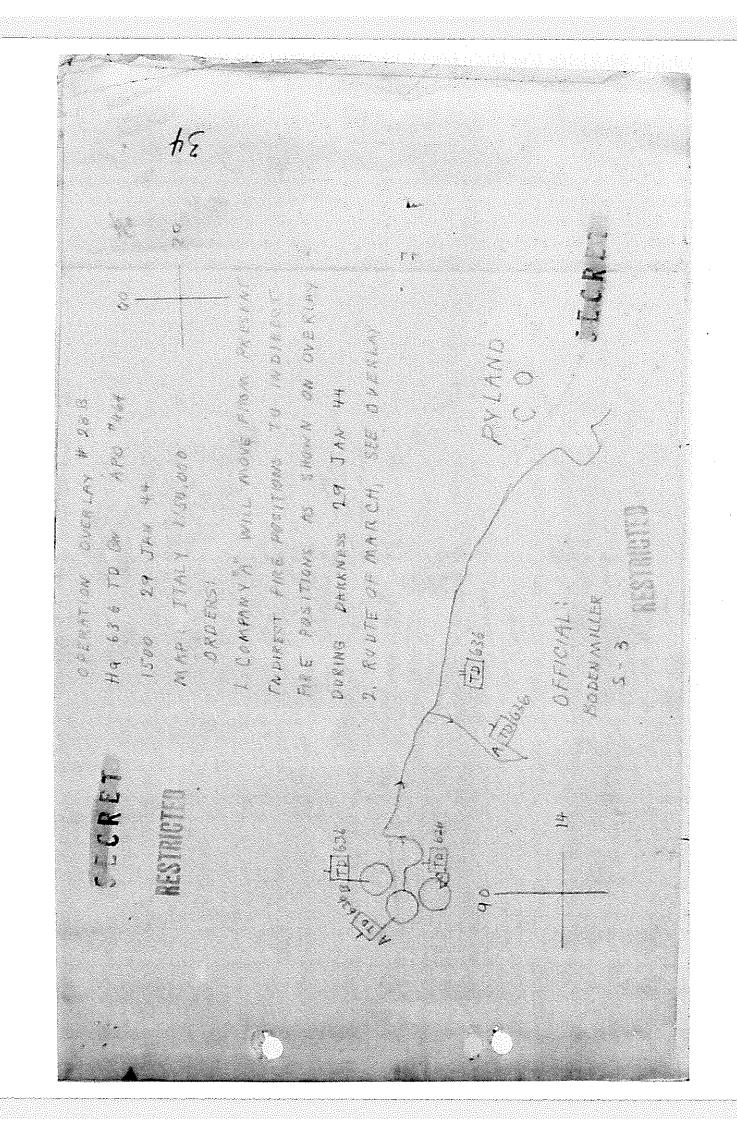
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3 - 0 DISTRIBUTED: 1 - Ou Path Inf Biv 1 - 374 Div Arty 1 - C- Sath Div

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ANNEX MO. 3

#### PERSON EL BATTLE CISUALTY REPORT

	OFFICERS				EMLISTED MEN			
	KILLED	WOULDED	MIA	CAPTURED	KILLFD	מת מיין זמיי	MIA	<u>C APTURED</u>
18 Jan 44	, 0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 Jan 44	. 0	**	О	0	0	6	0	0
22 Jan 44	. 1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
23 Jan 44	. 0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
28 Jan 44	. 0	_2_	0	_0_	0	_5_	0	_0_
Total	1	5	0	0	1	13	0	0

ANNEX NO. 3

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ANNEX NO. 3	BATTLE CA	SULLTY (FII C		777 T. C. T.	
HEAD OUARTERS	~. <b>- # \$</b>		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
KINMISON, PAUL (MUM)	<u>Cifficans</u> Papt	0-344051	]5 Jan /	A IMA	197 Fulton orm. San Antonio, Tom s
BRUFCKNER, MORITH W.	1st It	0-1168300	∃e Jan 4	(X L''A	Chelson, ich.
HEADQUARTERS COMPANY	*** ** ( 7 **				•
BLOYD, DELBERT T.	Enlisted Ce Stf Sct	<u>n</u> 37147019	2º Jan /	$\mathbf{L}^{m}\mathbf{A}$	536 C. 03-4 Lincoln, Your.
STOFHR, BERNARD F.	Tec 5	37163334	Po Jan 1	U L'A	107 Tronk lve. St Faul, inn.
RECONVAISSANCE CON ATT	N • • • • • • •				
CAMPBULL, JOHN C.	C Vicers	0-1168196	22 Jan /	D, FIA	2406 Lecation ( . Columbia, ).
RODGF"S, REY OLDS D.	Ja It	0-1288125	22 Jan <i>1</i>	IA LTA	126 F. 92:8 # . Erie, Ia.
STOVER, HERICHEL C.	Inlisted Me	<u>n</u> 35213466	lo Jan /	.4 SWA	607 Marrison it.
LALIMAN, ALVIN H.	Cpl	37146940	lo Jan /	M S"A	Gen. Tolliaming
OLIVER, CHARLES H.	Cŗl	37145107	10 Jan 2	14 L'''A	Arlincton, "o m. UTD 1, Guilford, o.
HARRIS, JAMES C.	Pvt 1 cl	35213572	10 Jan 2	14. I.T.4	Route 3
PENNINGTON, GOYNE D.	Pvt 1 cl	37146982	lo Jan /	44 SWA	Taverly, Chio Gen Peliwayy
SALDIVAR, BENITO M.	.∵Vi	18027521	19 Jan 2	MZ LTA	Numboldt, Town. 619 Crant Tt. Laredo, Pomas
COMP ANY "A"	(aricers				•
PEADSON, ALEC P.	Capt	G <b>-</b> 304225	28 Jan 2	L/A LTTA	Route 5, but 6
GRAHAM, ROBERT E.		0-1168254	28 Jan /	μ. L <sup>™</sup> A	11 Srond t. Sumter, J. D.
SCHWAKE, ELTON L.	Enlisted Me lst Sgt	<u>n</u> 330 <i>5</i> 0898	28 Jan /	.4 L'''A	42 <b>0 ™.</b> 30md it.
PRICE, WILLIAM H., JR.	Çb]	35052856	28 Jan 4	Z. L"A	Pouston, Power 1235 Columbia 1. Pouston, Pexas
BEHR, HENRY E.	inc 5	JUST(365	28 Jan 4	.4 L"A	424? Travia it. Unline, Towns

ANNEX NO. 3

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ANNEX NO. 3 (Cont'd)

COMPANY "B"

SHAW, FERMAN O.

SHAW, DAVID E.

COMPANY "C"

O'BRYANT, JOHN W.

Enlisted Men Sgt

Tec 5

38038666

31206545 23 Jan 44 LWA

22 Jan 44 LWA Route #2

Garland, Texas 17 Mechanic St.

Boston, Mass.

Enlisted Men

Pvt 1 cl

35358422 22 Jan 44 DOW

Gen Delivery Daleville, Ind.

ANNEX NO. 3





### ANNEX NO. 4.

### MATERIEL DESTROYED OR DAMAGED By ENEMY ACTION

ı	ITM		DATE		DISPOSITION
Mir	e Detector, SCR 625	12	January	1944	Requisitioned
M-]	O Tank Destroyer	21	January	1944	Replaced
Ciı	cle, Aiming Ml	22	January	1944	Replaced
3 -	Carbines, Cal .30 Ml	28	January	1944	Requisitioned
3 -	Gun, Thompson submachine Cal .45	28	January	1944	Requisitioned
Bos	rd, drawing	28	January	1944	Requisitioned

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ANNEX NO. 5.

#### ENEMY CASUALTY REPORT

- Par. 1. Total expenditure of 3" ammunition during period was 17,900 rounds of H.E. and 43 rounds of A.P.C., and 27 rounds of 3" smoke. Total expenditure of 37 mm ammunition during period was 340 rounds of H.E.. Total expenditure of .50 caliber ammunition during period was 30,000 rounds. Total expenditure of .30 caliber ammunition was 15,000 rounds.
- Par. 2. Estimated enemy personnel killed: Due to the nature of operation of this unit during this period no accurate estimate of enemy killed can be made.
- Far. 3. Damage to enemy material: Due to the nature of operation of this unit during this period no accurate estimate of enemy material damaged or destroyed can be made.

L SAMORE &



DOWNGR DED TO: Office of the Battalies Commender
RESTRICTED

BY AUTHORITY OF TAG. H-5

7 March 1944

Date Initials

SUBJECT: Transmittel of Records.

30 : Commanding Seneral, Fifth Army, A70 464, V. S. Army.

1. Personnt to instructions contained in Letter, Allied Poyce Headquarters, dated 20 April 1943, file AS 314.7/389 O-E, Relieft Material Records and Materies of Organizations, transmitted horseith Operations in Phaly, Pobracy 1944 of this Bettalion.

#### 2. Conclusions:

a. Subjects the Bunk Martin of the Sock Bestsuper.

The princer milities of the tenk desirence is apparent by its name, that is defence against every asser. In corrying out this princey mission even in an effective estimation, the tenk destrayer scale by the emploite-ties of testain and cover to neighbour an advantage ever its hearist asserted energy, the tenk. Speed in the competion of positions, fields of fire covering probable evenues of approach, concealed and day in positions have become the total and accepted testion of rescoundful "tenk hillers".

Now an embirally new field for the test destroyer has been tried and proven in the competer in Italy. That is its desirability rate as aptilizery. In that this rate is played by the test-destroyer a much president properties of its time in this timeter, it is rail to complete the characteristics of the respon and her it can be made to fit both the primary and secondary placence.

The greatest imper of the test declarated autopass of the stary secured to that 10 ptil not be greatered and make in the past of the every secured attack. This is startistical contributed and statisty subspicted as test declarate testing. Set to place the test declarate in this blanch fire past-time prescriptory is to suppose it to unaccessary contributes fine comp fire and to manifest the prescriptor with its prescriptor with its artificial testing.

The Set terjetter, high releasily It gen on the high need burn be peed-

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64, 4

361



tioned behind very little mask so that the minimum elevation will enable it to fire at close-in targets. The usual artillery piece will occupy a position behind a mask from which a destroyer can only be fired at its nexthan ranges. This means that positions suitable for artillery are not usually suitable for the tank destroyer.

On the other hand the destroyer's primary mission demands that it be further forward near good routes and close to its previously selected direct fire anti-tank positions. So it is believed that if careful consideration is given the tank destroyer in the selection of its indirect firing position, that it can perform its secondary role without danger to the successful accomplishment of its primary one. These are the fundamental rules:

- (1) That the indirect position be well forward and as near the probable evenue of approach of enemy armor as the terrain permits.
- (2) That this position afford at least flash defilade or concealment, but a very low mask in order to exploit the close as well as maximum ranges of the gum.
- (3) That good routes lead from the indirect position to the direct position.
- (4) That the ammunition requirements of the direct and primary mission be constantly in mind.
- (5) That the capabilities of the 3 inch gum fired indirectly by forward observer methods, at fairly close ranges, using delayed fuse, at enemy pill boxes, bunkers, and stone houses be thoroughly understood.

If these rules are known and practiced the tank destroyer can accomplish its dual mission and completely justify its existence and its extremely high cost to our government.

In rule (5) above the registering of one gum of each plateon of the battalion on a common base point and closing the shoafs, anables the battalion commander to fire one gum or mass the fires of thirty-six in a very small area with terrific effect.

> Van W. Pyland VAN W. PYLAND Lt Colonel, Infantry Commanding

1 Incl: Marrative of Operations for the month of February 1944, with attached ennerses

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### HEADQUARTERS 6364h TANK DESTROYER BATTALICE APO 464, V. S. Army

3 March 1944

### OPERATIONS IN ITALY, PERSONNY 1944

As the neath of Jamesy 1944 closed the Battalien was in indirect fire positions situated at strategic points on the 36th Rivision front along the Rapide River, from which artillary missions could be fired and also the primary mission of protecting the Rivision against an asserted threat, could be perfermed. Our forces were temperately on the defense in this poster and consequently the Battalian Summader was whilining the Battalian to destroy pill beams and enery strong points opposite the Bivision sector by observed indirect fire.

Functions observation posts, as near the energ lines as possible, had been established, some of them being coordinated with the front line infunity battalian observation posts in order that the battalian might take advantage of information gained by the infunity patrols.

On the let Prisuagy the Battalian continued its indirect fire on observed entry tempts across the Rapids. The Rivisian Artillary reported that enery tempt vehicles had been observed on the read between Figureare and degrates. Essenting fire was promptly placed on this read.

Pire was also coordinated with observers of the Life infuntry and imput energy strong points opposite that scoter ware fired on. One of our forward observers located on energy nebels opposite "B" and "G" placed consentrations on those positions.

A pien to support the Rivielen in a siver eversing operation, the execution of which depended on the success of the operations in the 34th Rivielen corter had been prepared. At 1695 hours the Rivielen 6-6 notified the Ratealien Commender, 14 Calendi Pyland, that the plan would not be just into effect that night.

During the day the Bestalian completely destroyed four houses known to be occupied by energ, milemed several maskine guns, mertens and nobel-weedens, and fired a number of becausing missions.



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Due to the appearance of the general situation, the intelior commensurar, It Colonel Pyland, felt that any movement forward would be an eigeway of the organization area. So on 2 February he creamed the low any Comment in, Recommensurate Company, to cause the roads north of influent toward leading and Cairo to be reconnoitered. Captain Redemaillar, the left, which made a company positions for camouflage discipline, as visibility was accellent.

During the morning, the Battalion fired on a number of cooline guns, morthre, and nebelwerfers, some of wide were monorthe by our conservant, and some by Division Artillery and forward infantry stemants. The dattalion Commander, it Colonel Pyland, called Division Artillery let a in the cap and requested the assistance of an air observed by resistant were made points beyond the visibility of our ground chargears. Arrangements were made for this work and Division Artillery promised to notify file Datislica w un a plane would be available. At 1345 hours Division Artillery called and notified us an observation plane would be available and recommentating along the road between Pignataro and Dessing.

The observation plane edjusted fire and recorded two first started in the target area. Upon the completion of the first mission the air observer assisted the Sattalion in registering on Fignature and latter on an enemy artillery battery. That concluded the missions first by the observers ion plane and the Battalion continued to fire with the use of ground observers, placing counterbattery fire on enemy gum positions and harmaning fire or other targets assigned by Division Artillery.

At 1642 hours the Company Commander, Recommissioned formany, reductive the Battalion Command Post and gave Cantain Austin, The Nattalion Executive Officer, a report of road conditions north of Highway 4, and mainted out on the map several likely observation jost positions.

At 2130 hours the Division Commander called it Colonel Pyland, the Battalion Commander, and told him that the Battalion would probably be attached to Combat Command "3" of the lat Armored Division, if the 34th Division effected an immediate break through on the Cassino line.

On the morning of 3 February 1944 at 0150 hours the Division Artillery Commander notified the Battalion Commander that the Battalion should be prepared to move on two hour notice anytime after daylight. All Company Commanders were notified and told to be prepared for a sudden movement order. At 0925 hours the Company "C" forward observer located an enemy variable and Company "C" placed fire on it. The Company "C" observer reported the vehicle destroyed by a direct hit. Throughout the morning the dattaljon placed concentrations on a number of houses known to be occupied by the enemy and other installations identified by the defense overprint supplied by the Division Gaz. The Battalion observation nost was shelled by enemy mortage at 1235 ours.





Diring the aftermeen the Detialism continued to fire on targets located by our electrons and those reported by Division Artillery and other units. At 2007 heurs the Division 0-2 called and reported that 30 enery tanks had been located in a 1000 yard square the center being at 795200. Companies was and "O" were promptly alerted to fire this mission, and during the next 50 minutes, 1,200 reunds were placed on the thousand yard square. The 34th Division was notified that the firing had been completed.

At 0200 heurs on 4 February, our Limison Officer to Division Headquarters brought the Division Field Order No. 45 which contained details of the plan to exploit the bridgehead which the 34th Division was to establish. The Battalion Commander conferred with the Staff to make plane for complying with the Division order.

The Battalion Commender erdered the Destroyer Companies to centiams placing fire on all targets that could be plaked up by our observers and on such targets that were reported by Division Artillery and the infamity observers. During the day several enemy nebelswerfers were located and concentrations placed on them. Company "B" formard observer reported that a large column of smoke appeared after Company "A" had fired on one nebelswerfer position. Company "B" completely destroyed a house in which enemy had been observed and later placed fire at a point where enemy vehicle motors had been heard. An enemy tank was located at 855157 and Company "B" fired on it.

estor. reported that Brittlah troops were to replace the 143d Infantry in that At 1812 hours our Liaison Officer to the 143d Infantry called and

a movement of the Battalian to positions near Gerrary was eminent, so on the morning of 5 February he took the Sal forward on a resonnaissance of that area to select a command post site and sheek for positions for the Destroyer Geometries. The area both sides of Cerrary was carefully studied especially the slope of the hill north and west of Dervary, which faced Gassino and the Monastary Hill. A suitable house for the Command Fost was selected and a guard placed in it. A short distance below the house positions were found a guard placed in it. located. for two ocapanies and just above the house another company position ğ general eithetion was such that the Bettalion Commander felt sure

on targets which appeared seroes the Rapido. artigularly heavy throughout the day. Telephone lines were the necessary to keep the line orews on them constantly. While the recommaissance was being made the Battalion continued firing pido. Enemy artillery fire was Telephone lines were destroyed and

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## CRETA

Spen returning to the Battalion Command Post, the Battalian Commander Sound that the 36th Division had ordered the Battalian moved to the Cervaro area so he ordered the S-1 to take the Executive Officer and S-3 to the points selected by him earlier in the day. The Battalian Commander then exclosed the Company Commanders to meet him and he carried them to the sites selected for their companies. The S-4 accompanied the Battalian Commander to the new area also.

After the resemmaissance by the Company Commanders and Staff was completed, plans were made to move the Sattalian on the following day. The Sattalian Commander, Lt Colonel Pyland, ordered the Command Post to be moved by infiltration and directed that the Sat obtain clearance for the rest of the Sattalian.

On the morning 6 February advance elements of the Battalian began movement to the new Battalian area northwest of Gervaro. By 1145 the forward echiem of the Battalian Command Fost was established at 918209 and vehicles had been camouflaged. All personnel began digging in well under orders of the Battalian Commander since enemy artillery fire was expected in that forward area.

In the meantime word had been received that no daylight movement was permitted and it was necessary for the Battalian Commander to rescind orders to move the Destroyer Companies during the day. He issued orders for the movement to begin at 1730 hours.

Since a night move was anticipated it was necessary to or ok the route the Destroyer Companies were to take so the S=2 went back over the route that had been selected. At 1500 hours our Lieison Officer to Division arrived with information that clearance had been obtained for a movement during the daylight hours, but it was impossible to get instructions to the Destroyer Companies in time to speed their movement therefor the Battalion Commander ordered the march to continue according to the last plan.

Movement into the new area was personally supervised by the Sattalian Gramander, S-1, S-2, S-3, and the S-4, and all positions were carefully selected and camouflaged. All companies had closed into their areas by 2400 hours.

On 7 February the Battalion Commander and S-3 inspected the positions occupied by the Destroyer Companies the previous night and the Sattalion Commander located an observation post near the Company "3" position. Wire communications were established to all Companies and the new Sattalion observation post, and the Destroyer Companies were registered on a base point by the Sattalion Commander.

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The Expective Officer obtained permission from Division Headquarters to move Recommaissance Company into an area in the visinity of 929203 and that Company had elosed into that area by 1420 hours that afterneon.

The S-1 and S-4 made a resonned serves of the area around S. Vittore, to select areas into which the Personnel Section and Service Trains could noved. Sites were selected and plans made to move thes installations the . And Surportion 9

reporting one house demolished in which enery machine gume and two enery machine gume silenced at another position. If the fall in several of the areas during the day. The Destroyer Companies fired on several observed targets on 8 February, ting one house demolished in which enemy machine gume had been active, so enemy machine gume funs silenced at another position. Harmoning artillary

during the afternoon and ordered the Company Commanders to report to the Bettalian Command Post for a meeting. At the meeting the Bettalian Commander oriented the Company Commanders and Staff on the situation and plan for establishing the Cassino bridgehead. The Battalian was to support the operation by fire from its present positions and more serves the river with the armor when the bridgehead had been established. The Battalion Commender attended a conference at Division Headquarters

area during the day. The Personnel Section and the Service Trains were moved to S. Vittore

in the Caprimo area and further out in the Livi Valley. The Battalian Careta can targets mander, it Colonel Friend, directed the fire from the Battalian Compost. Hajer Cameral Balker, with bis side, visited the Battalian Communder et the Battalian observation port during the afternoon and elegared the firing. Four houses essentied by the enemy were described and several communications were placed on two adequaters positions, silenting them. Two enemy vahioles, identified as tacks, and one assemblished track were destroyed later in the day.

fire we placed along High The marning of 10 Pebruszy the Battalian Commander requested posmission to fire on enemy installations just south of Casaine and it was known that our troops had not reached that point. Prominates was granted and checarved fire was placed along Highway 6 south of Casaine, and in the area between Highway 6 and the relived. The Moth Mivision 6-d called and gave location Asers (Utales installations on which fire sould To plan

Me cades The Company Ou or Commenday, Resonancissance Company, reported that the Company equations wight. There was a



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considerable amount of artillery fire around the Battalion Command Fost furing the day also. Artillery fire could be observed falling in the Company "C" area and at 1405 one of the shells struck an ammunition trailer, setting the ammunition on fire. Another shell made a direct hit on the Company "C" command post but failed to explode. One man was lightly wounded in the Company "C" area during the shelling.

The visibility was very poor throughout the day and it was very difficult to observe the effect of any fire. Several targets were fired on but results could not be clearly stated.

The Battalion was notified by the Division Artillary Commander that the attack which had been planned was to be launched at 1100 hours, and shortly after receiving this information the Artillary Annex to Division Field Order #47 arrived and from it our preparatory fires were planned.

The Battalian Commander ordered the Company Commanders to report to the Battalian Command Post for orders.

Later in the morning the information we had received indicated that the Battalian would be attached to Combat Command "3" for a future operation was confirmed and Lt Vecvers was appointed our Liaison Officer to that organization.

The Battalian Commander conferred with the Staff on the plans for supporting the attack which was to take place at 1100 hours, and when the Company Commanders arrived the Battalian Commander, Lt Colonel Pyland, gave the orders for laying down preparatory fires and also ordered that the observation posts be manned to select targets of opportunity as the attack progressed.

At 1000 hours the Battalion began a one hour preparatory fire on the missions assigned by Division Artillery and when this was completed targets were selected from the observation posts and engaged as they appeared. The Battalion Commander, Lt Colonel Pyland, located some enemy vehicles moving toward Cossino and reported them to Division 0-2. At 1400 hours the Battalion Commander located a number of vehicles moving toward Pontecorvo, and when it was found that our guns did not have sufficient range to engage them, contest was made with Corps Artillery and a battery of 155 mm guns was placed on this target, our observation post adjusting them.

The 36th Division G-2 called and requested the coordinates of the energy vehicles which had been located.

At 1623 hours the Battali m Commender located some enemy personnel in a house near the south edge of Cassino and a gun appeared to be firing from the house. The Division granted permission to fire in this area as the attack had not succeeded in progressing that far. The house was fired on and destroyed.

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During the day the Battalian destroyed six houses around which enemy action had been noted, and at 2100 hours harmening fire was laid on arous in which activity had been noted. Several enemy artillesy generalizations were placed in the Battalian area during the day and night 12 - 12 February.

Shortly after 0500, 12 Polymary, enemy artillary fire began fulling near the Sattalian Command Post and between 0530 and 0555 a concentrated shelling was placed directly on the Command Post area. One shall made a direct his on the house in which the command post was located, killing the S-3, Septein John S. Bodenmiller, and the Chaplain, let Lt Arvil Team, and wounding Septein Paul Kinnisen, S-2, and Captain Olin W. Cameron, Headquarters Company Summandant. Another shall hit the side of the Command Post truck demaging it by shall fragments while other shalls riddled the targe and shelter tents covering the forholes of the emlisted man of the Command Post personnel.

Later in the morning the area was repeatedly shelled and the Battalian Commander directed that the Command Post be moved to another location since it was obvious that observed fire was being placed on it.

A new site was selected and at 1100 hours the movement began. By 1500 hours the Command Post group had closed into the new area at 925205. At 2230 hours information was received that the water point that the Bettalian had been using had been destroyed by shall fire and two emlisted nem, Burl W. Stevens and Jeseph O. Phillips had been wounded at that point. The enemy artillery fire was heavier during the night 12 - 13 Pabragey.

On the morning of 13 February, Company "C" sent out a patrol to attempt to locate an enemy gum which had been reported by an Italian civilian to be firing from an area behind our lines, being manued by Germane in Italian uniforms. The Geograpy Germander of Company "C" reported, when the patrol had returned, that no gum could be located in that area and the report was evidently erreneous.

Our observation post gave the probable coordinates of a 170 mm gun and the accutive Officer passed the information on to Division Artillery and the II Corps counter-battery efficer.

The Battalion Commander, it Colonel Pyland, attended a conference at the command post of Combat Command "B" and upon returning held a meeting of the Staff to discuss plans for employing the Battalion in the coming operation.

Several observed missions were fired by the Destroyer Companies during the day and one enemy vehicle was destroyed. Enemy artillery fire was light during this period.



The Battalian Commander and S=2 left for the forward observation post in the early forenoon of 14 February to direct fire. At 0805, 36th Division called and stated that there would be a truce, requested by the enemy, to pick up dead and wounded. This truce was to exist between the hours of 0800 and 1100 hours. The truce was extended later in the morning to include the time up to 1430 hours.

A representative from the 2d Sm, 13th Armored Reg: visited the Command Post in the afternoom to discuss with the Battalian Commander coordination of the 13th Armored Regt and this Battalian in the planned armored thrust across the Rapido River.

Visibility during the day was generally poor,

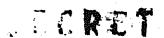
During the ferences of 15 February, the Battalion Commanders of the 2d and 3d Battalions of the 13th Armored Regiment visited the Tettalion Command out to discuss with the Battalion Commander plans for the coming armored thrust into the Liri Valley. A Company Commanders meeting was held to orient the companies on the present situation. The possibility of the Battalion moving to a rear area was also discussed.

The Benedictine Abbey was bombed by American planes during the early ferencen. Company "B" also fired several concentrations into the Abbey. Shortly after noon several severe enemy artillery concentrations were laid in the Battalion Command Post area and the area occupied by Company "C".

In the early afternoon our Limison Officer to 36th Division reported with news that the Sattalion would be detached from the 36th Division effective 2400 hours, 15 February 1944, and that we would be moved to the vicinity of Rignano upon Corps order.

The Battalion Commander directed the Executive Officer and S=2 to reconnecter for a Battalion bivouse area in the vicinity of Mignano. After selecting an area the Executive Officer and S=2 visited Combat Command "3" command post to check on the situation. The Commanding General, Tirst Armored Division, informed the Executive Officer that the CB4th Tank Destroyer Battalion would maintain its present position on the slopes of Hill 552 to join Combat Command "B" in an armored thrust up the Liri Valley.

During the afternoon our Limison Officer to Combat Command "3" reported with the information concerning reports that we were to submit to that command.



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During the night, 15 - 16 February, enemy artillery was very active, with a few shells falling in the Battalian Command Post area.

On 16 February the Battalion Commander conferred with the Commanding General of the First Armored Division regarding our part in the Combat Command "B" operation. Gompany "A", 636th Tunk Destroyer Battalion to be attached to the 2d Battalion, 13th Armored Regiment; Company "B", to be attached to the 3d Battalion, 13th Armored Regiment; with Company "C" to be held in reserve. Recommaissance Company to be used as security and to maintain contact between the flanks. Headquarters Company would establish traffic control posts at pertinent read junctions and river crossings to maintain the proper flow of vehicles during the crossing of the Repido River. Overlays were made by this Battalian and traffic control posts assigned to officers of Headquarters Company and Battalion Staff. The Battalian Commander was designated to be in sharps of all traffic movement.

Visibility was generally peor during the day, however our Battalian observation peet reported observing an enemy nebelserfor fixing from \$30165. Corps Artillery piaced concentrations on the installation, sileneing it. The observation peet also reported approximately 45 enemy vehicles sighted in the vicinity of 6616 and 6716.

Most of the day was spent in making plans for the amost thrust serves the Rapido and up the Liri Vallay.

In the early morning hours of 17 February energy artillary was very active. Heavy concentrations were placed on friendly positions.

The Bettelian Commender and Staff started planning and recommentaring for positions that sould be used as traffic control sites for maintaining the control of traffic of the planned amered thrust agrees the Repide. At each traffic control post an efficer with a 610 radio set would be placed to maintain communication with the Bettelian control posts with 610 radio sets were established at 932162, 905175, 902181, 872205, 869196, 854200 and at each proposed bridge site. This Battelian made an everiey and plan of traffic control which was submitted to Sushet Samund "B" by our Linison Officer. They reproduced this same control plan and returned it to this Battelian. Copies were distributed to efficant manning the traffic control posts.

The Battalian Germander held a company community meeting to give then the situation. They were teld this Battalian would take ever the traffic control mission after 0500, 18 Johnnary. A message the succined by the Battalian Commander from Combat Command "B" at 1746 hours telling us to be proposed to move on two hours metico.



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On 18 February this Sattalion remained on an alert status to move on instruction from Combat Command "B". At 0745 hours the 3-3, Combat Command "B", notified the Sattalion Commander that two bridges had been constructed at 865199 and 967198. Demolition setuads and built dozens as erossed the river and the area was being cleared of the set. The refiltrant was clear to 862201. No armor had crossed as yet but it was acceptable interessing the nines had been cleared, it would be as the orders. Troops crossing the river remaints are small arms files.

The Battalion Commander notified Combat Colored to a sureffic control headquarters would be at 907198.

A bifter struggle took place in the notations on the entry of ich the bridges had been constructed. Thindly troops laid spoke screens to attent behind and visibility in the valley was poor.

The Pattalion observer nost located twstwo or consition dug in on the slope and crest of Monte Jassino just briow to Abbay. Triendly arteillery was placing concentrations on these installations.

In the afternoon the Sattalion Commander accommand by its Staff and Company Commanders attended a conference at Combat Command "B" leadquarters to than for the armore thrust across the Lapido. The Methalion Commander requested that Combat Command "B" place T=2 recovers selected at designated points on Highway 5 and rear the Oridges on the river.

In the late evening the 3-3 of Combat Command "B" called and stated that the lattalion would be on one hour alert status effective 1000 hours 19 February 1944.

The Battalion remained or a one hour elect status on 70 mb very swaiting instructions from Combat Command "B". At 1935 hours, Lombat Contant "B" called the Battalion Commander and stated that the Inttalion would again revert to a two hour elect status.

In the early afternoon our Journary 'I' observer collets it is reported to the dattalion mommander that he had located the enemy artillary bathery that was laying artillary concentrations or the bridge recently laid across the Tapido River. The Commany "O" observer directed firm for the 937th WA dattalion of II Corps Artillary. The enemy battery was located at 842182. Good results were muickly obtained for soon a termination was laid in this area, a great deal of movement was observed and the enemy set of tooleored smoke signals and rockets. It was believed any area enemy computings webicles were deal royed.





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At 1645 hours the Cambet Cammand "B" called the Dettalian Commander and informed him that this Dettalian had been temperarily taken off the slowt. Flana were made to move the Dettalian less Campany "O" to the riginity of Higmano for the purpose of maintaining rebision.

The Rescutive Officer last in the early morning hours of 20 February to attend a conference at Omnbet Command "3" and to select a bivers area for the lettelies less Company "0" to more to. At 1021 hours the Rescutive Officer called the Battalies Commander and informed him that a location had been secured in which to move the Battalies Command Part. At 1200 hours the lettelies Commander last for the new biverse area after giving the march order. The lattalies alocal into the new biverse area at 0911 at 1500 hours. Company "0" remained at its present position.

Resonnaissance Company and Destroyer Companies "A" and "B" spant the period from 21 - 24 February in a rear area south of Migness deing maintenance and elean-up work on destroyers and general purpose vahiales, smalting orders from Cambat Command "B" to take forward periodes that would emails them to join the americal threat through the Liri Valley.

Company "C" remained in its forward positions would Combant Compand called and requested that the Battalian Compander resonation for Company "C" to occupy. The Battalian Compander, Rescalive Officer, and the Company Commander of Company "C" recommendated and selected positions at 590210. Company "C" alosed into its new positions 251845 February 1944.

On the afterneon of 23 February, Companies "A" and "B" alerted its des-truppers for a zero forward, but as the attack was pestponed the destroyers remained in the rear area.

During the afternoon of 24 February it was uncertain as to whether the strack would come off during the next twenty-from period. The Bettalian Commander directed that the destroyers of Companies "M" and "B" more forward and be in readings in case the attack did jump off.

Combat Command "B" salled the Command Post at 241900 February and informed the Battalion Commander that the attack had been pestponed until after the 26 February 1944.

During this period the weather was very poor, with herry rains, cloudy and visibility generally poor.

Throughout the last three days of the month, the De remained in forward positions assiting the attack order. the Destroyer Companies Due to the inclement

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no attack orders were issued. "A", "B" and "C" Companies received harassing enemy artillery fire in their area during the night of 28 February. No casualties were suffered, as all Destroyers and personnel were well dug in.

To date the officers and enlisted men of this Battalion have been awarded toursty-four Silver Stars and seventy-four Purple Hearts. One Oak Leaf Cluster has also been awarded.

Map Reference: Italy 1:50,000.

### Attached Annexes:

- 1. Copy of Unit Journal
- 2. Overlays of Positions
- 3. Personnel Casualties during period
- 4. Materiel destroyed or damaged by enemy action
- 5. Shemy Casualties caused by 636th TD Bn during period

For the Battalion Commanders

AM S D. WANS 1st Lt, Infantry Unit Historian

hat it, infantry Adjutant

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AMES NO. A

### MATERIAL DESTROYED OR DAMAGED BY BEING ACTION

TO THE STATE OF TH	MIE	DISPOSITION.	
1 - Trailer, amored, N-8	11 Pebruary 1944	Roplaced	
100 rounds - 3º amumition	,11 Pebruary 1944	Roplaced	
1 - Carbine, cal. 30, N-1	13 Pebruary 1944	Roplaced	
1 - Truck, 1: Ton, 6 x 6	25 Pebruary 1944	Roplaced	

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ARREX NO. 5

### MINIX CASUALTY REPORT

- 1. Total expenditure of  $3^n$  summittion during the period was 11,800 rounds of H.T., 182 rounds of  $3^n$  smoke, and 2 rounds of A.P.C.
- 2. Estimated enemy personnel killed: Due to the nature of eperations of this unit during this period no accurate estimate of enemy killed can be made.
- 3. Remy material destroyed: During this period this organisation destroyed 14 enemy occupied houses, 2 enemy 5.P. vehicles, 3 enemy trucks, and 3 enemy tanks.

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4.0 At., 1. 3. Apor 7. April 1974

373JEJT: Transmittel of Records.

TO : Commanding General, Fifth Army, A.C. MA, V. S. Army.

1. Pursuant to instructions countiled in Dather, Allied Force For Guarters, dated 20 April 1949, file AT 314.7/389 C-H, Subject: Materical Records and Histories of Organizations, transmitted herewith Operations in Italy, Earch 1944 of this Battalion.

#### 2. Conclusions:

One M-10 tank lastroyer of this writ was lawaged by a bomb from a friendly bomber during the bembing of Ippuine by our Air Torge. Only one casualty resulted from this direct bit due to the habit of the destroyer crews digging elaborate formoles and duroute mean their destroyer in which they live when not actually firing on the amony. This enables them to take cover during bombing attacks by high level planes. If the planes are watched there is time to take cover when the bomb racks are seen to open and spill their bombs. Triendly ground troops should not be too close to enemy targets when a friendly high level bombing mission is to be accomplished.

VAN 7. ALAID ()
Lt Colonel, Incentry
Commanding

1 Ircl: Harrative of Operations for the month of March 1944, with attached annakes.

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AV AUTHORITY OF TAG

Date In

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## SECRET

HEADJUARTERS 636th TANK DESTROYER BATTALION AT 0 464, U. S. Army

3 April 1944

### OFERATIONS IN ITALY, MARCH 1944

The beginning of the month of March found "A" Company at 913213, "B" Company at 912215, and "C" Company at 920211, all forward positions where they were awaiting the order to attack up the Liri Valley. The first two weeks of weather during the month were wet and disagreeable. The Battalion Commander several times planned to move the Companies back to a rear area but due to the uncertainty of the situation they remained in forward positions.

One request was made to the Commanding General, Combat Command "E", to move companies but it was evidently not favorably considered because no reply was received.

The Battalion Commander and Staff checked the Companies on several different occasions and also spent a good deal of time perfecting plans for the forthcoming operation. Traffic Controls Posts were checked and several Company Commander meetings were held to be sure that all orders and plans were fully understood.

On 14 March at approximately 1930, the Battalion was alerted by Liaison Officer from Combat Command "B", that the attack was to take place the following day. The field order was received and plans for the next days activities were made by the Battalion Commander and Staff.

At 0730 on 15 March, the Battalion Command Group began its movement to the forward Command Lost at Cervarc. At 0845 all elements of the Command Group closed into the new command post. A message center was established and communications were immediately set up with our Companies and Traffic Control Headquarters. All officers who were to maintain Traffic Control Posts reported to the CF to be dispatched to their regular stations as they were called for.

From C835 to 1200 continuous flights of American Bombers bombed Cassino. Some bombs were dropped in the area occupied by our Company "C". One load of bombs was accidently dropped near Cervaro.

Friendly artillory began its concentration at noon. Companies "i" and "B" reported their missions complete at 1947. Company "C" reported that no targets of opportunity had been picked up consequently they expended no assumition.



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Orders were received from the 3-2, Compan Command 464 shat all traffin on tral stations up to be. I would be manned by 1500. Forward comprol posts were to be samead as the situation progressed.

Destain Minnison, Lt Mausk, Lt Mitten, and Lt Bould Left the Course durant to man their assigned Traffic Control Posts.

The Battalion Commander and 3-% rest the Go to rockly Praffic Do trol Baskoverters. While at the Rose carture the Scattalion Commander of the ted Bajor Jankins, the New Jealand Provide or Wal, and personally inspected all traffic control posts on Bighway 6.

At 1709 it was remorted that the Indians were an the fill west of Hill 193.

At 1825 a message was received from our Liaison Officer that tanks were 75 yards from objective Quisling. Firther advance was impossible without engineer aid. Hand to tand fightling and small arms fighting was taking place in Cassino and on Lor becassino.

Combat Command "3" called intermittently during the night to give the cituation and to keep us posted on any forward movements. Officers couring control mosts stayed on duty throughout the night. Their moditions were shelled intermittently during the night. During the day to dattalion expended 744 rounds of N.S. on observed targets.

At 0541, 16 arch, Compat Company "3" called an said that the bridge on mighway 6 had been finished and that certain reconnaissance elements have gone across.

The Battalion Commander and 3-3 count most of the day at Fraffic Control Headquarters keeping up with the situation. Traffic Control rosts were relieved and re-manned to give the officers needed rest.

At 1000, a flight of 3-25 American Bombers dropped bombs in Company "0" is area. One man was injured, Sgt James T. Boyd, 38060607, one k-10 was damated to the extent that it had to be evacuated. The tank was evacuated during darkness and a replacement sent in the following day. During the day Co "3" expended 21 rounds of H.S.

The Battalion Commander and S-3 spent most of the day, 17 March 1944 at Traffic Control Headquarters. From this point in the early afternoon they directed \*A" and \*B" Companies fire on an enemy nobelwarfer.





### DECOM

At 1700 the Battalion Commander and 3-3 returned to the Inttalion Command lost. Traffic Control Posts on Limburg 6 were subjected to intermittent stell fire during the day.

At 1715 the Commany Commanders renorted to the Commany loss where the dattalion Commander ordered that the Commany Commanders should a unditore time with the gunners. He stranged that Commany Commanders should exphasize the closing of sheafs.

Before the Command Commanders returned to their Journales an enemy artillery shell struck the Command Post. Javaral others were chose-in. No one was injured.

The Lisison Officer to Combat Command "3" renormed them four Friendly tanks had gone to Cassino. Their appreach to Cassino was observed by all Battalian OP's. Two ware witnessed burning from the Cattalian Command Post by the Executive Officer. To exact reports were to be had concerning the situation. The Cattalian expended 1,631 rounds of H. T. and 48 rounds of smoke on observed targets during the day.

The following merming the Sattalier Servander and S-3 took stables at the Traffic Control headquarters. Traffic Control Posts were mained all during 18 March by our officers. The Sattalien Commender and S-3 remained at Traffic Control Meadquarters throughout the day and on different condition fired the companies on observed targets. The Someony Control are called to Traffic Control Meadquarters to observe the fires of their Commence and to make adjustment whenever necessary. Intermittent shell fire fell all along Mighway 6 during the day. Captain Kinnison, comming Traffic Control Post #3, was subjected to heavy artillary concentrations.

At 0906 hours enemy aircraft dive-bombed friendly frontline positions. The lst Armored Group forward Command lost suffered ensualties from the bombing in both human lives and material destroyed. The latterien Generalder observing the bombing of the group handmarters from his cost some 400 yards away made arrangements with the Commanies to rovide transportation to evacuate the 1st Armored Group personnel to the rear for reorganization.

Several enemy air raids took place during the day. The enemy places usually strafed Highway 6 in the vicinity of Traffic Control Post all located at the Cervaro and Highway 6. Sgt Hipskind, Tec 5 Hovelli, and Pvt 1 cl Helms, manning two .50 Caliber machine guns on the Battalion Commanders and S-3 vehicles, stuck to their posts and fired on all enemy planes despite their strafing and bombing.



### RES

The Battalion silenced enemy nebelwerfers and destroyed one enemy S.F. run by direct fire from Company "C". During this action the Battalion on onded 705 rounds of B. B. and SE rounds of smoke.

The following morning the 3-3 called Combat Johnson. "3" to obtain information on the situation. The only information received was that the energy had counter-attacked on Bill 193 but no results as to Wheir success and been received. The Battalion Communder, 3-3, and 3-2 studied recent 3-2 reports and daps for possible targets.

The Battalion Commander and S-R left the Joffan Praific Control Healquarters. In the aftermoon the Commany Commanders were called to Traific Control Headquarters to witness firing of their Companies.

Several enemy air raids took place during the way, 19 Morch. There was much bombing and straffing of Highway 6 in the vicinity of Traffic Control meadeuarters. Our .50 Cal. machine guns were fired at enemy places that were within range during the day.

At the and of the day 10 March, the enemy held Hill 165 and our forces were still holding Hill 193.

Any promittellary fire was notive lumina the might.

Jumber 3 type of "3" collist the 3-1 to report that a tellegram is librar measured obating that 3tf agt 3cje of Johnauv "3" and 3tf 3ct Reaves of Johnston "A" and best promoted to 3d Lieutements.

Diring the ording of 20 dard, word was received that Hills 193, 435, the 202 were in acts an Allied troops.

The Depth-Tier Commander, 3-3, 3-2, and Commany Johns ders shout root of a day on Tradfic Control dead-narriers directing fire at observed unappear. The debt-lien expanded a total of 639 rounds of 1.3. and 50 rounds of a chain on these fires.

The Title State of the Adventure by It to be the Trailine State Total Particle State of the Trailine State of the State of

In the early norming neurs of Al ero , champertaller, dreport leves if the releast of alls in the description Correct both stee and Deconnationalise





Company area. One of the shells struck the building in which the Jattalion CP was housed wounding three New Avaland Officers in an adjoining room. The Pattalion Journaler and Jaff uselded it heat to nove the command post and the Battalion Commander and 3-3 recombitered a new position. The new position selected was at 927206.

There they were called to Headquarters, 5th Yew Z aloud Amoped Fright's where they conferred with the Commander, Briendier Burrows. Brighdier Durrows asked Lt Colonel Hyland if it would be nowable for the Battalian to lay fire palely within 200 yards of friendly brooms. It Colonel Theid, the Battalian Commander, stated that the could do so as the Battalian was registered on a building very mean the spot on which fire was manual.

A telephone line was laid from this in tallion to the hew Lealand organization and plans were made to support with observed fire the following day.

During the early norming hours of PR Larch energy artilledy was been heavy in both the forward and rear areas. The visibility was very poor. It Gould, one of the Indific Control Citiesta, and administration that his endounters had been shalled. The sours was broaded from over the cave a transplant is Source? Font. It was necessary for the and his area to obtain the Gould was slightly wounded by falling Johnis. It is included to the capacitant of the same of the capacitant are occurred by the battalian Contention, as 4-3 was a quite subjection to areasy artillary and member in raids sever this as during the may.

From 1100 to 1745 hours the Sattalian Commander Girested fine inte Sate Continental Lotel in Cassino with Freat offect. Its Colonel LeGalfuy, in a tank number Continental Lotel, also Lelead adjust the fire. The Sattalian's expenditure of a munition of this Massion is a 200 round of make.

In the afternoon Combat John of "A called to peaks than the orthogona was temporarily relieved of Praffic Scottal outing. To Nurther information could be obtained.

Who inscribes Officer and S-3 and model a unit commendate traction of Johnson States of the court of a unit commendate traction of Johnson States of the court of

A snow storm soveral the area darder the Theoretic of the order. That - billing was very cor.

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## RESTRUCT

In any "I" was stalled out of their Server's look During the might. a commodifier resulted. The 4-3 on the Dombat Commod "" " the told them about the challing. Commony "I" remained in its modifier although the International countries are seen as a subject of the propriet.

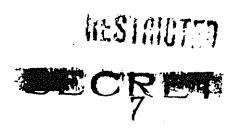
At 1317 hours Combat Comma 1 197 a 279, and 3a william Commander and told him that he was to send four L-10's into Cascino to knock down some buildings and crive enemy tanks out. The dattelion Commander and S-3 discussed with General Allen the feasibility of this plan. The Battalion Commander, It Colonel Hyland, stated that it was against all principles of Park Destroyer tactics to use L-10's in this manner. He did state however that from the Battalion's present positions he believed the job could be done. It Joionel yland was ordered to contact General Parkinson, Haw Mealand Division Commander, for instructions. General Parkinson or ered Lt Colonal Pyland to make arrangements with Brigadier Burrows of the 5th New 40aland Brigade for our M-10's to go into Cassino to perform this mission. Lt Colonel Pyland and the 3-3 drove to the 5th New Lealand Brigade Headquarters and conferred with Brigadier Burrows. Comnot Command "B" called later in the evening to tell us the blan had been discarded and that we were removed from alart status until 0800 hours, 37 . arch.

During the day, 34 arch enemy artillery was active, harassing both forward and rear areas. No firing was done by the destroyer companies.

Our Lisiaon Officer reported from Combat Command "B" in the evening hours of MA Larch that the Battalion would move back to the vicinity of Jampagliano. The Battalion Commander decided that it would be best to move to the vicinity of Miccilli in order to reorganize and get all elements of the Battalion together. Permission was given by Combat Command "B" to make this move. All Commanders were alerted to the fact that they would move at daylight, 25 march.

Reconnaissance Som any furnished personnel for AA crews from 20 Larch to 24 area inclusive. During this time 450 rounds of .50 Cal. ammunition was amounted.

MAN, Reconnaissance Company, and the Battalion Command Fost moved in that order. The Dattalion closed in at the Educilli area at 1230 hours. At 1545 hours our Liaison Officer to Combat Command "B" reported in and stated that affective 1500, 25 March, we were detached from Combat Command "B" and would revert to control of our parent organization, the 36th Infantry Division.



### **SECRET**

The lift and 27th Larch were start in anking around into for the unbtalion's movement to an area in the vicinity of a delection. The pattalion Comparison, staff ifficers, and the General Comparison about a noitered, and released a suitable bivetor for the retailing of addeleni.

The first elements of the interior start of their save and we was undisloni and at 180 St. St. St. T. a sentrible may block it we fit area at 250776 at 1100 looks.

During the last three days of the mont. It is britalion devoted the time to maintaining various and the closester of clothing exchange with many personnel were sent through a sicker and clothing exchange with The Special Dervice Officer arresped for author meansational activity s.

Lan Feference: Italy 1:50,000.

Attad od Annamas:

1. Schw of Unit Journal.

2. (verlays of rositions.

3. ersonnel Jasualties during mariod.

4. Unterial destroyed or days and by megy action.

5. Themy casualties caused by 6 %th 10 in Surject period.

6. Awards and Decorations.

7. Officers' Poster.

For the Battalion Commander:

James D towns

[A.S. D. E.A.S

Gartain, Infortry

Unit Platering





## RESTRICTED

AMNEX NO. 3.

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### PERSONNEL BATTLE CASUALTY REPORT

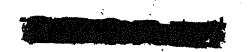
OFFICERS					ENLISTED MEN				
	KILLED	WOUNDED	MY	CAPTURED	KITTED	WOUNDED	MIA	CAPTURED	,
16 Mar 44	0	0	0	0	0	1.	0	0	
18 Ear 44	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
22 Mar 44	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	Q	<u>o</u>	Q	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	,
Total	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	

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ANNEX NO. 3

BATTLE CASUALTY REPORT

GRADE ASN DATE OF TYPE OF PLACE OF CASUALTY CASUALTY RESIDENCE

HEADQUARTERS

Officers

GOULD, GLENN E. 1 1st Lt .0-1823729 22 Mar 44. LTA RD #1 Turnel, M.Y.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY

Enlisted Men

LARSON, VAUGHE J. Pvt 1 cl 37146523 18 ar 44 L A 13th Burkeigh St. Nackton, S.D.

COLIPANY "C"

Inlisted Men

BOYD, JAMES T. Sgt 38060607. 16 Mar 44. L.A. 1130 F. Main St. Landsa, Texas

ANTHEX NO. 3

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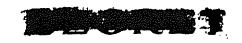
ATTNEX NO. 4

### MATERIAL DESTROYED OR DAMAGED BY ENEMY ACTION

<u>Items</u>	<u>Date</u>	Disposition	
1 Carriage, Motor 3" gun M10	16 March 44	Replaced	
1 Hood, Car, half track M-2	16 March 44	Replaced	

RESTAULT

ANNEX NO. 4



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ANNEX NO. 5

#### ENEMY CASUALTY REFORT

- 1. Total expenditure of 3" ammunition during the period was 4880 rounds of HE, 135 rounds of 3" smoke and of rounds of A.F.C.
- 2. Estimated enemy personnel killed: Due to the nature of operations of this unit during this period, no accurate estimate of enemy killed can be made.
- 3. Enemy material destroyed: During this period this organisation destroyed 21 enemy occupied houses, 1 ST Gun. and silenced 1 artillery battery, and nine nebelwerier positions.

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ANNEX NO. 5

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ANNEX NO. 6

### DECORATIONS AND AWARDS

For the period from 1 September 1943 to 31 March 1944, the following named members of this organization have been awarded the Silver Star for gallantry in action:

		'RANK OR	
N ACE	ASN	GRADE	COMP ANY
PEARSON, ALEC P.	0-394225	Capt	Co MAT
GOULD, GLENN E.	0 <b>-18</b> 23729	1st Lt	Hq Co
BOYSA, ALPHONSE J.	0-1301601	2nd Lt	Co =C =
COLE, WILLIAM H.	0-1703021	2nd Lt	Co #C#
DODSON, ROBERT L.	0 <del>-</del> 205 <del>59</del> 00	2nd Lt	Co *B*
MURPHY, RAYWOND G.	20802898	Stf Sgt	Co "C"
SPARKS, OSCAR G.	38035783	Stf Sgt	Co *B*
PATTERSON, ROBERT E.	38038542	Sgt	Co MCH
YOST, EDWIN A.	37146627	Sgt	Co *C*
BENTLEY, HESTER L.	34333328	Cpl	Co "C"
COWAN, JOHN L.	20817342	Cp1	Co MBM
JORDAN, JOSEPH H.	37163668	Cpl	Co TCT
LORANCE, CHARLES G.	2081.4658	Cp1	Co HCu
O'BRY AN, JOSEPH R.	35484581	Cp1	Co "C"
STERNER, KEMPS E.	13031240	Cpl	Co TCT
WELLBORN, JACK T.	38035985	Cpl	Co MC M
STEDMAN, G. D. (I.O.)	38177868	Tec 5	Co TCT
WARD, ROBERT C.	38039044	Tec 5	Co TCT
SMITH, ROY C.	<i>374</i> <b>1</b> 93 <i>3</i> 5	Pvt 1 cl	Co TCT
STOKES, CLAUDE H.	38463 <b>151</b>	Pvt 1 cl	Co TCT
STOKES, CLYDE T.	38463140	Fvt 1 cl	Go MCM
ANDERSON, ALBERT B.	32767048	P <b>vt</b>	Со "В"
JOHNSON, ALVIN B. Q.	20805648	Pvt	Co TCT
SCOTT, CHESTER (MAN)	3932 <b>4290</b>	Pvt	Co MC F

ANNEX NO. 6



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## RESTRICTED

ANNEX NO. 7

### ROSTER OF OFFICERS

Hg and Hg Company	ASN	RANK	ARM OR SERVICE	DUTY
PYLAND, VAN W.	0-236089	Lt Col	Inf	Bn Comdr
DUBOSE, REAGAN L.	0-348064	Major	Inf	Bn Ex O
CAMPERON, OLIN W.	0-407591	Capt	Inf	Hq Co CO -
DANZI, RICHARD A.	0-1822375	Capt	FA	S <b>-</b> β
EVANS, JAMES D.	<b>0-</b> 1294639	Capt	Inf	S-1
FERGUSON, JAMES R.	<b>0-</b> 418363	Capt	FA	S-4
KINNISON, PAUL (MAN)	0-344051	Capt	Inf	S-2
BROWN, STANLEY G.	0-1289038	lst Lt	Inf	Hq Co ⊼x O
GOULD, GLENN E.	0-1823729	lst It	FA	Ln O
HAUCK, HENRY G.	0-1822567	lat Lt	FA	Com 0
STOFFEL, ROBERT L.	0-1168483	1st Lt	FA.	Trans O
VEEVERS, FREDERICK C.	0-1171809	1st Lt	FA	Ln 0
WHITE, ROY D.	0-403563	lst Lt	Inf	Ln 0
WITTEN, GEORGE R.	0-1824263	lst Lt	F <b>A</b>	Motor O
TUCKER, JESSE F.	W-2131525	WOJG		Pers 0
Medical Detachment	0 (5 10 10			
BERKSON, ROBERT 3.	0-494240	Capt	MC	Bn Surgeon
BURKHART, JEAN M.	<b>0-</b> 380858	Capt	MC	Ass't Bn Surgeo
Reconnaissance Company				
DOWNS, GEORGE W.	0-1288024	Capt	Inf	00
BARRY, JOHN J.	0-1822942	1st Lt	FA	Fioneer O
CONNELLY, HERMAN (NUN)	0-1822964	lst Lt	FA	Flat Comdr
MC KEE, PAUL R.	0-1823909	1st Lt	FA	Plat Comdr
RODGERS, REYNOLDS D.	0-1288125	1st Lt	Inf	Ex 0
WALTER, WILLIAM F.	0-1824256	1st Lt	FA	Flat Comdr
Company "A"				
PEARSON, ALEC P.	0-394225	Capt	Inf	CO
DAVIS, WORIS B.	0-1822376	1st Lt	Inf	Flat Comdr
GOLDMAN, BERT M.	0-1168247	1st Lt	FA	Flat Comdr
GRAHAM, ROBERT E.	0-1168254	lst Lt	FA	Ext 0
LONG, JAMES W.	0-1823173	2nd Lt	F▲	Flat Condr
REEVES, WILLIAM .1.	0-1703022	2nd Lt	FA	Flat Comdr

ANNEX NO. 7

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ANNEX NO. 7 COTT'D

Company "B"				
BROWN, HENRY P.	0-1168187	Capt	FA	CO
GROOM, KENNETH G.	0-1824174	1st Lt	FA	Flat Comdr
METZNER, ELMER J.	0-1168376	lat Lt	<b>F</b> ▲	Ex 0
RECTOR, ELMO W.	0-1307167	1st Lt	Inf	Plat Comdr
DODSON, ROBERT L.	0-2055900	2nd Lt	<b>F</b> ▲	Plat Comdr
WRIGHT, WILLIAM E.	0-1703006	2nd Lt	FA	Plat Comdr
Company "C"				
BRUECKNER, MORITZ F.	0-1168190	lst Lt	FA	. 00
DRISCOLL, EUGENE J.	0-1175104	1st Lt	FA	Plat Comdr
GERRINGER, LINLEY W.	0-1168246	1st Lt	FA `	Plat Comdr
ZIEGLER, MAURICE S.	0-1168535	lst Lt	PA	Ex O
BOYSA, ALPHONSE J.	0-1301601	2nd Lt	Inf	Flat Comdr
COLE, WILLIAM H.	0-1703021	2nd Lt	_ <del></del>	Plat Comdr
GROMMET, GEORGE P.	0 <b>-</b> 4625 <b>75</b>	2nd Lt	<b>F</b> ▲	Plat Comdr

RESIDATED

ANNEX NO. 7



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### HEADQUARTERS 636th DANK DESTROYER BATTALION Office of the Battalion Commander

APO 464, U. S. Army 5 May 1944

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Records.

TO : Commanding General, Fifth Army, APO 464, U.S. Army.

1. Pursuant to instructions contained in Letter, Allied Force Headquarters, dated 20 April 1943, file AG 314.7/389 C-M, Subject: Historical Records and Histories of Organizations, transmitted herewith Operations in Italy, April 1944 of this Battalion.

#### 2. Conclusions:

During the past month this battalion has been in a rear area engaged in training and in servicing and replacement of equipment.

War Department Training Circular No. 2, dated 7 January 1944, has reached us and it broadens the use of Tank Destroyer Units as reinforcing artillery. Our employment during the last operation brought clearly to our attention the need of personnel to operate fire direction centers and since we have followed Training Circular No. 2 in training this need of personnel for a fire direction center has been emphasized even more forcibly.

Actually each company needs some personnel for fire control when firing artillery missions as well as a central control center at battalion headquarters, but any provision that can be made, even if it is only a limited number of personnel to be used at the battalion headquarters, will be an improvement over the present Table of Organization.

BEAGAN L. DUBOSE

Major, Infantry Actg Dar Comdr

1 Incl:
Narrative of Operations for the month
of April 1944, with attached annexes

1945

-1-